

For Research Use Only

Acetyl-Tubulin (Lys40) Monoclonal antibody

Catalog Number: 66200-1-Ig 106 Publications



Basic Information

Catalog Number: 66200-1-Ig	GenBank Accession Number: NM_006009	Purification Method: Protein G purification
Size: 150ul , Concentration: 1000 ug/ml by Nanodrop;	GeneID (NCBI): 7846	CloneNo.: 7E5H8
Source: Mouse	UNIPROT ID: Q71U36	Recommended Dilutions: WB: 1:2000-1:10000 IHC: 1:1000-1:4000 IF-P: 1:10-1:100 IF/ICC: 1:200-1:800 ELISA: 1:10-1:100
Isotype: IgG1	Full Name: tubulin, alpha 1a	
	Calculated MW: 52 kDa	
	Observed MW: 50-55 kDa	

Applications

Tested Applications: WB, IHC, IF/ICC, IF-P, ELISA	Positive Controls: WB : rat testis tissue, NCCIT cells, Neuro-2a cells, L02 cells, pig cerebellum tissue, rat brain tissue, mouse ovary tissue, HEK-293 cells, mouse testis IHC : mouse ovary tissue, human gliomas tissue, rat brain tissue, mouse brain tissue, human lung cancer tissue IF-P : islet, mouse brain tissue IF/ICC : MDCK cells, hTERT-RPE1 cells ELISA : Recombinant protein,
Cited Applications: WB, IHC, IF	
Species Specificity: human, mouse, rat, pig, canine	
Cited Species: human, mouse, rat, pig, rabbit, canine, zebrafish, bovine, drosophila	
Note-IHC: suggested antigen retrieval with TE buffer pH 9.0; (*) Alternatively, antigen retrieval may be performed with citrate buffer pH 6.0	

Background Information

Tubulin, composed of heterodimers of alpha and beta tubulin, is the mainly component of microtubules which play important roles in cell motility, mitosis, and intracellular vesicle transport. Both alpha and beta tubulin undergo several posttranslational modifications such as polyglutamylation and acetylation/deacetylation. Tubulin acetylation occurs on lysine-40 at the N-terminal of alpha tubulin and is conserved across species. The histone deacetylase HDAC6 and SIRT2 has been identified as tubulin deacetylases. Reversible acetylation of alpha tubulin may be implicated in regulating microtubule stability, cell motility, and axon regeneration. The level of acetylated tubulin has been linked to epithelial malignancies and sensitivity to chemotherapy. In addition, acetylated tubulin has been widely used as a marker for primary cilia. This antibody is specific to the acetylated tubulin; it does not recognize non-acetylated tubulin. (24268707, 23881549)

Notable Publications

Author	Pubmed ID	Journal	Application
Yan Yan	28966044	Dev Cell	WB
Jung Hoon Cho	36149960	Sci Adv	IHC
Zipeng A. Li	36213262	Front Endocrinol (Lausanne)	IF

Storage

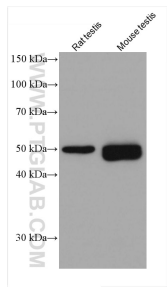
Storage:
Store at -20°C. Stable for one year after shipment.
Storage Buffer:
PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, pH7.3
Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

*** 20ul sizes contain 0.1% BSA

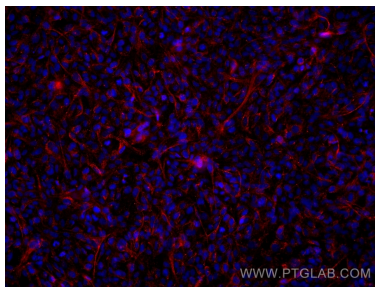
For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact:
T: 1 (888) 4PTGLAB (1-888-478-4522) (toll free in USA), or 1(312) 455-8498 (outside USA)
E: proteintech@ptglab.com
W: ptglab.com

This product is exclusively available under Proteintech Group brand and is not available to purchase from any other manufacturer.

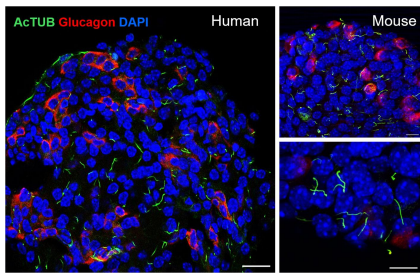
Selected Validation Data



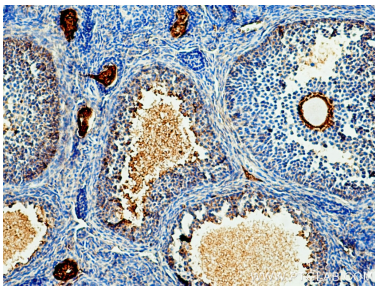
Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 66200-1-Ig (Acetyl-Tubulin (Lys40) antibody) at dilution of 1:5000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.



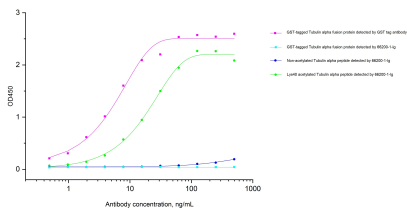
Immunofluorescent analysis of (4% PFA) fixed hTERT-RPE1 cells using Acetyl-Tubulin (Lys40) antibody (66200-1-Ig, Clone: 7E5H8) at dilution of 1:1000 and Multi-rAb CoraLite® Plus 594-Goat Anti-Mouse Recombinant Secondary Antibody (H+L) (Cat.NO. RGAM004).



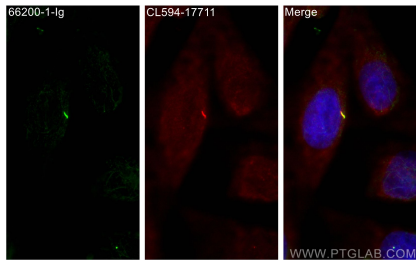
(left) Confocal image of a single-plane cross-section of a healthy human islet, showing primary cilia on both alpha cells (glucagon, red) and non-alpha cells (non-red). Acetylated alpha tubulin, cilia (green, Cat. No 66200-1-Ig, 1:400), nuclei (blue), scale 20 µm. (right) Primary cilia in wildtype B6 mouse islets: acetylated alpha tubulin (green, Cat. No 66200-1-Ig, 1:400), glucagon (red), nuclei (blue), single-plane images, scales 10 µm. (Fig from Dr. Jing Hughes)



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse ovary tissue slide using 66200-1-Ig (Acetyl-Tubulin (Lys40) antibody) at dilution of 1:2000 (under 10x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).



Specificity validation by indirect ELISA. Indirect ELISA was carried out by coating E.coli expressed GST-tagged Tubulin alpha (70 ng/well), non-acetylated Tubulin alpha, and Lys40 acetylated Tubulin alpha (with excessive amount) followed by blocking and adding serial diluted GST tag primary antibody (Cat.NO. 66001-2-Ig) and Acetylated Tubulin antibody 66200-1-Ig respectively. HRP-Goat anti-mouse secondary antibody was used for detection.



Immunofluorescent analysis of (4% PFA) fixed MDCK cells using Acetyl-Tubulin (Lys40) antibody (66200-1-Ig, Clone: 7E5H8) at dilution of 1:400 and CoraLite® 488-Conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG(H+L) (SA00013-1), CoraLite® 594 ARL13B antibody (CL594-17711, red).