

For Research Use Only

FUCA1 Monoclonal antibody

Catalog Number: 67251-1-Ig **1 Publications**



Basic Information

Catalog Number: 67251-1-Ig	GenBank Accession Number: BC017338	Purification Method: Protein A purification
Size: 150ul , Concentration: 2100 ug/ml by Nanodrop and 1000 ug/ml by Bradford method using BSA as the standard;	GeneID (NCBI): 2517	CloneNo.: 1G5C5
Source: Mouse	UNIPROT ID: P04066	Recommended Dilutions: WB 1:2000-1:10000 IHC 1:250-1:1000 IF-P 1:200-1:800 IF/ICC 1:200-1:800
Isotype: IgG2b	Full Name: fucosidase, alpha-L- 1, tissue	
Immunogen Catalog Number: AG9638	Calculated MW: 461 aa, 53 kDa	
	Observed MW: 50-56 kDa	

Applications

Tested Applications:
WB, IHC, IF/ICC, IF-P, ELISA

Cited Applications:
IF

Species Specificity:
human, mouse

Cited Species:
human

Note-IHC: suggested antigen retrieval with TE buffer pH 9.0; (*) Alternatively, antigen retrieval may be performed with citrate buffer pH 6.0

Positive Controls:

WB : HepG2 cells, HEK-293 cells, K-562 cells, NIH/3T3 cells

IHC : human liver cancer tissue,

IF-P : human liver cancer tissue,

IF/ICC : HepG2 cells,

Background Information

FUCA1(α-L-Fucosidase) is a lysosomal glycosidase which is ubiquitous in eukaryotic cells. This enzyme is usually found as a soluble component of the lysosome and functions as an acid hydrolase in the degradation of numerous and diverse fucoglycoconjugates. The mammalian α-L-fucosidases are relatively large, multisubunit glycoproteins which exist in multiple molecular isoforms. This enzyme may have a role in sperm-egg interactions in the reproductive tract of the female rat. There is a precursor 54 kDa form of rat sperm fucosidase which is processed to a mature 52 kDa form of the enzyme (PMID:8836125). This protein from rat epididymis is a tetramer of 210-220 kDa, made up by two pairs of subunits of 47 and 60 kDa, and the one from human seminal plasma exists in different oligomeric forms, that is, as a dimer, as a tetramer, and as a hexamer made up of a single subunit of 56-57 kDa (PMID:16736526).

Notable Publications

Author	Pubmed ID	Journal	Application
Chunmei Wen	39888412	J Gastroenterol	IF

Storage

Storage:

Store at -20°C. Stable for one year after shipment.

Storage Buffer:

PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, pH7.3

Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

***** 20ul sizes contain 0.1% BSA**

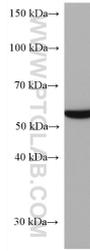
For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact:

T: 1 (888) 4PTGLAB (1-888-478-4522) (toll free in USA), or 1(312) 455-8498 (outside USA)

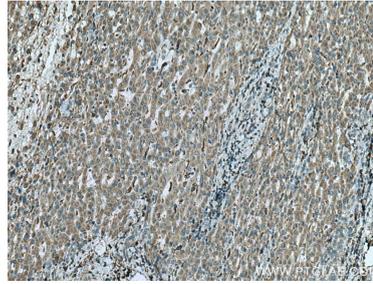
E: proteintech@ptglab.com
W: ptglab.com

This product is exclusively available under Proteintech Group brand and is not available to purchase from any other manufacturer.

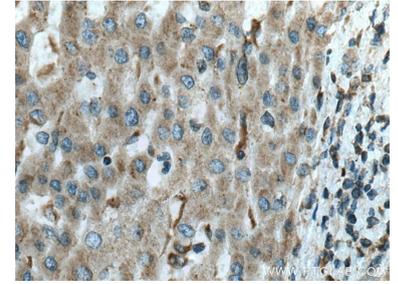
Selected Validation Data



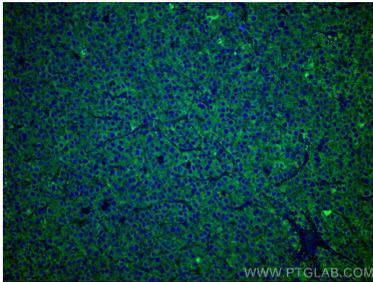
HepG2 cells were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 67251-1-Ig (FUCA1 antibody) at dilution of 1:5000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.



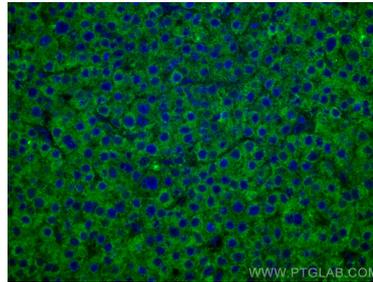
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver cancer tissue slide using 67251-1-Ig (FUCA1 antibody) at dilution of 1:500 (under 10x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).



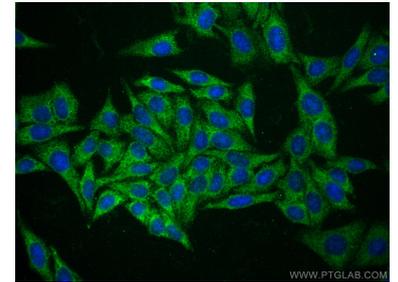
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver cancer tissue slide using 67251-1-Ig (FUCA1 antibody) at dilution of 1:500 (under 40x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).



Immunofluorescent analysis of (4% PFA) fixed human liver cancer tissue using FUCA1 antibody (67251-1-Ig, Clone: 1G5C5) at dilution of 1:400 and CoraLite®488-Conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG(H+L).



Immunofluorescent analysis of (4% PFA) fixed human liver cancer tissue using FUCA1 antibody (67251-1-Ig, Clone: 1G5C5) at dilution of 1:400 and CoraLite®488-Conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG(H+L).



Immunofluorescent analysis of (-20°C Ethanol) fixed HepG2 cells using FUCA1 antibody (67251-1-Ig, Clone: 1G5C5) at dilution of 1:400 and Multi-rAb CoraLite® Plus 488-Goat Anti-Mouse Recombinant Secondary Antibody (H+L) (RGAM002).