

PPARG Monoklonaler Antikörper

Katalog-Nr.: CL488-66936

Allgemeine Informationen

Katalog-Nr.:	GenBank-Zugangsnummer:	Reinigungsmethode:
CL488-66936	BC006811	Protein-G-Reinigung
Größe:	GenID (NCBI):	CloneNo.:
100ul, Konzentration: 1000 µg/ml von 5468		1F4A2
Nanodrop;	Vollständiger Name:	Empfohlene Verdünnungen:
	peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma	IF 1:100-1:600
Wirz:	Berechneté Masse:	Anregungs-/Emissionsmaxima-Wellenlängen:
Maus	58 kDa	493 nm / 522 nm
Isotyp:	Beobachteté Masse:	
IgG1	50-60 kDa	
Immunogen Katalognummer:		
AG16657		

Anwendungen

Geprüfte Anwendungen:	Positivkontrollen:
IF	IF : HepG2-Zellen,
Getestete Reaktivität:	

Human

Hintergrundinformationen

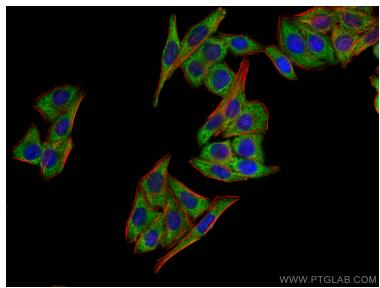
Peroxisome Proliferator-Activated Receptors (PPARs) are ligand-activated intracellular transcription factors, members of the nuclear hormone receptor superfamily (NR), that includes estrogen, thyroid hormone receptors, retinoic acid, Vitamin D3 as well as retinoid X receptors (RXRs). The PPAR subfamily consists of three subtypes encoded by distinct genes denoted PPAR α (NR1C1), PPAR β/δ (NR1C2) and PPAR γ (NR1C3), which are activated by selective ligands. PPAR γ , also named as PPARG, contains one nuclear receptor DNA-binding domain and is a receptor that binds peroxisome proliferators such as hypolipidemic drugs and fatty acids. It plays an important role in the regulation of lipid homeostasis, adipogenesis, INS resistance, and development of various organs. Defects in PPARG are the cause of familial partial lipodystrophy type 3 (FPLD3) and may be associated with susceptibility to obesity. Defects in PPARG can lead to type 2 INS-resistant diabetes and hypertension. PPARG mutations may be associated with colon cancer. Genetic variations in PPARG are associated with susceptibility to glioma type 1 (GLM1). PPARG has two isoforms with molecular weight 57 kDa and 54 kDa (PMID: 9831621), but modified PPARG is about 67 kDa (PMID: 16809887). PPARG2 is a splice variant and has an additional 30 amino acids at the N-terminus (PMID: 15689403). Experimental data indicate that a 45 kDa protein displaying three different sequences immunologically related to the nuclear receptor PPARG2 is located in mitochondria (mt-PPAR). However, the molecular weight of this protein is clearly less when compared to that of PPARG2 (57 kDa) (PMID: 10922459). PPARG has been reported to be localized mainly (but not always) in the nucleus. PPARG can also be detected in the cytoplasm and was reported to possess extra-nuclear/non-genomic actions (PMID: 17611413; 19432669; 14681322).

Lagerung

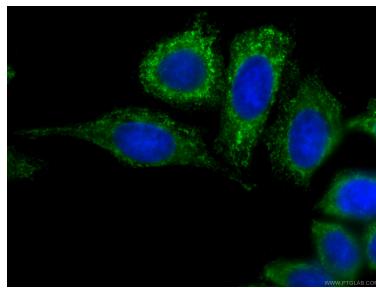
Lagerungsbedingungen:
Bei -20°C lagern. Vor Licht schützen. Nach dem Versand ein Jahr stabil.
Lagerungspuffer:
BS mit 50% Glyzerin, 0,05% Proclin300, 0,5% BSA, pH 7,3.
Aliquotieren ist nicht notwendig bei -20°C Lagerung

*** 20ul-Größen enthalten 0,1% BSA

Ausgewählte Validierungsdaten



Immunofluorescent analysis of (-20°C Ethanol) fixed HepG2 cells using CoraLite® Plus 488-conjugated PPARG antibody (CL488-66936, Clone: 1F4A2) at dilution of 1:600. Red: CL594-Phalloidin stains the F-Actin, Blue: DAPI.



Immunofluorescent analysis of (-20°C Ethanol) fixed HepG2 cells using CL488-66936 (PPARG antibody) at dilution of 1:100.