

À des fins de recherche uniquement

Anticorps Polyclonal de lapin anti-SIRT1



Numéro de catalogue: 13161-1-AP

Phare

270 Publications

Informations de base

Numéro de catalogue:

13161-1-AP

Taille:

150ul, Concentration: 500 µg/ml by Nanodrop;

Hôte:

Lapin

Isotype:

IgG

Immunogen Catalog Number:

AG3808

Numéro d'acquisition GenBank:

BC012499

Identification du gène (NCBI):

23411

Nom complet:

sirtuin (silent mating type information regulation 2 homolog) 1 (S. cerevisiae)

MW calculé

747 aa, 82 kDa

MW observés:

110-130 kDa, 80-85 kDa

Méthode de purification:

Purification par affinité contre l'antigène

Dilutions recommandées:

WB 1:1000-1:6000

IHC 1:50-1:500

IF 1:50-1:500

Applications

Applications testées:

IF, IHC, WB, ELISA

Demandes citées:

CoIP, ELISA, IF, IHC, IP, WB

Spécificité de l'espèce:

Humain

Espèces citées:

bovin, Chèvre, Humain, poisson-zèbre, porc, Megalobrama Amblycephala

Remarque-IHC: il est suggéré de démasquer l'antigène avec un tampon de TE buffer pH 9.0; (*) À défaut, 'le démasquage de l'antigène peut être effectué avec un tampon citrate pH 6,0.

Contrôles positifs:

WB : cellules HEK-293, cellules C2C12, cellules HeLa, cellules MDA-MB-231

IHC : tissu de cancer du côlon humain, tissu de cancer du poumon humain

IF : cellules A431, cellules HeLa

Informations générales

SIRT1, also named as SIR2L1, contains a deacetylase sirtuin-type domain and belongs to the sirtuin family. The post-translation modified SIRT1 is a 110-130 kDa protein, which contains one deacetylase sirtuin-type domain. The 75-80 kDa SirT1 fragment was detected to lack the carboxy-terminus (PMID:21305533). SirT1 exists a 57-61 kDa isoform. SIRT1 may be found in nucleolus, nuclear euchromatin, heterochromatin and inner membrane. It can shuttles between nucleus and cytoplasm. SIRT1 regulates processes such as apoptosis and muscle differentiation by deacetylating key proteins. SIRT1 in particular initiates several signaling events relevant to cardioprotection, including: activation of endothelial nitric oxide synthase, INS receptor signaling, and autophagy. In addition SIRT1 activation elicits resistance to oxidative stress via regulation of transcription factors and co-activators such as FOXO, Hif-2a, and NF-κB. SIRT1 regulates the p53-dependent DNA damage response pathway by binding to and deacetylating p53, specifically at Lysine 382. This antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against residues near the N terminus of human SIRT1.

Publications notables

Autrice	Pubmed ID	Journal	Application
BreAnna Cameron	34590699	Biol Open	WB
Xiaoyan Liu	31574948	Int J Mol Sci	WB
Xuebin Hu	30205735	Autophagy	WB

Stockage

Stockage:

Stocker à -20°C. Stable pendant un an après l'expédition.

Tampon de stockage:

PBS avec azoture de sodium à 0,02 % et glycérol à 50 % pH 7,3

L'aliquotage n'est pas nécessaire pour le stockage à -20C

*** Les 20ul contiennent 0,1% de BSA.

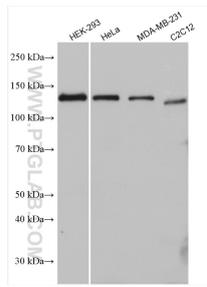
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T: 1 (888) 4PTGLAB (1-888-478-4522) (toll free in USA), or 1(312) 455-8498 (outside USA)

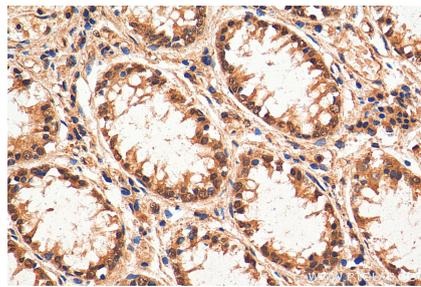
E: proteintech@ptglab.com
W: ptglab.com

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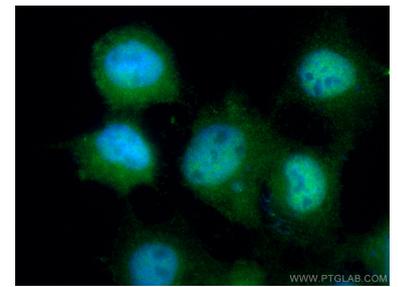
Données de validation sélectionnées



Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 13161-1-AP (SIRT1 antibody) at dilution of 1:3000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon cancer tissue slide using 13161-1-AP (SIRT1 antibody) at dilution of 1:200 (under 40x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).



Immunofluorescent analysis of (4% PFA) fixed A431 cells using SIRT1 antibody (13161-1-AP) at dilution of 1:200 and CoraLite@488-Conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L).