

À des fins de recherche uniquement

Anticorps Polyclonal de lapin anti-LEF1

Numéro de catalogue: 28540-1-AP

4 Publications



Informations de base

Numéro de catalogue:	BC050632	Méthode de purification:
28540-1-AP		Purification par affinité contre l'antigène
Taille:	51176	Dilutions recommandées:
150ul , Concentration: 700 µg/ml by Nanodrop and 380 µg/ml by Bradford method using BSA as the standard;	Nom complet: lymphoid enhancer-binding factor 1	WB 1:5000-1:50000 IF 1:50-1:500
Hôte:	MW calculé	
Lapin	37 kDa	
Isotype:	MW observés:	
IgG	50 kDa	
Immunogen Catalog Number:		
AG29841		

Applications

Applications testées:	Contrôles positifs:
IF, WB, ELISA	WB : cellules COLO 320, cellules Jurkat, cellules SW480
Demandes citées:	IF : cellules HepG2,
WB	
Spécificité de l'espèce:	
Humain	
Espèces citées:	
Humain, rat	

Informations générales

Lymphoid enhancer-binding factor 1(LEF1) belongs to a family of regulatory protein share homology with high mobility group protein-1, and it's a nuclear protein expressed in pre-B and T cells. LEF1 has a role in the Wnt signaling pathway and hair cell differentiation and follicle morphogenesis. LEF1 exists as seven isoforms and we detects three isoforms with MW 44 kDa, 36 kDa and 23 kDa. Together with CTNNB1 and EP300, LEF1 activates transcription of target genes. Isoform 5 transcriptionally activates the fibronectin promoter, binds to and represses transcription from the E-cadherin promoter in a CTNNB1-independent manner, and is involved in reducing cellular aggregation and increasing cell migration of pancreatic cancer cells. Isoform 1 transcriptionally activates MYC and CCND1 expression and enhances proliferation of pancreatic tumor cells. MECs can give rise to seven cell types of the SAE and SMGs following severe airway injury. MECs progressively adopted a basal cell phenotype on the SAE and established lasting progenitors capable of further regeneration following reinjury. MECs activate Wnt-regulated transcription factors (Lef-1/TCF7) following injury and Lef-1 induction in cultured MECs promoted transition to a basal cell phenotype. Surprisingly, dose-dependent MEC conditional activation of Lef-1 in vivo promoted self-limited airway regeneration in the absence of injury. Thus, modulating the Lef-1 transcriptional program in MEC-derived progenitors may have regenerative medicine applications for lung diseases.
(<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.stem.2018.03.017>) The phosphorylation may affects LEF1 protein's theoretical molecular weight when tested. 40-70 kD bands have also been reported (PMID:22261717;17063141).

Publications notables

Autrice	Pubmed ID	Journal	Application
Xiong Shu	36047666	Cancer Med	WB
Yin Liu	32009498	Int J Neurosci	WB
Yajun Luo	35485210	Clin Transl Med	WB

Stockage

Stockage:

Stocker à -20°C. Stable pendant un an après l'expédition.

Tampon de stockage:

PBS avec azoture de sodium à 0,02 % et glycérol à 50 % pH 7,3

L'aliquotage n'est pas nécessaire pour le stockage à -20°C

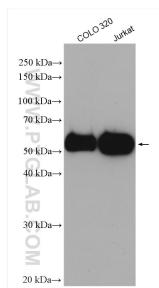
*** Les 20ul contiennent 0,1% de BSA.

For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact:
T: 1 (888) 4PTGLAB (1-888-478-4522) (toll free in USA), or 1(312) 455-8498 (outside USA)

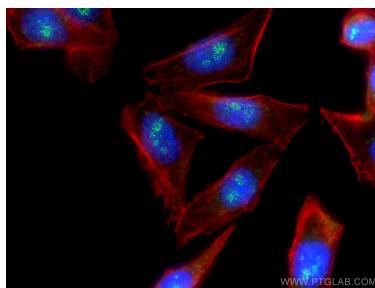
E: proteintech@ptglab.com
W: ptglab.com

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Données de validation sélectionnées



Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 28540-1-AP (LEF1 antibody) at dilution of 1:10000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.



Immunofluorescent analysis of (4% PFA) fixed HepG2 cells using 28540-1-AP (LEF1 antibody), at dilution of 1:200 and Coralite@488-Conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L).