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## RARA Polyclonal antibody Catalog Number: 10331-1-AP 10 Publications

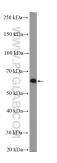


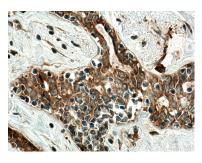
| Basic Information      | Catalog Number:<br>10331-1-AP   | GenBank Accession Number:<br>BC008727   |             | Purification Method:<br>Antigen affinity purification  |  |
|------------------------|---|---|-------------|--|--|
|                        | Size:<br>150ul , Concentration: 450 ug/ml by<br>Nanodrop;<br>Source:<br>Rabbit<br>Isotype:<br>IgG<br>Immunogen Catalog Number:<br>AG0420  | GeneID (NCBI):<br>5914<br>UNIPROT ID:<br>P10276<br>Full Name:<br>retinoic acid recep<br>Calculated MW:<br>51 kDa<br>Observed MW:<br>50-60 kDa | otor, alpha | Recommended Dilutions:<br>WB 1:500-1:1000<br>IP 0.5-4.0 ug for 1.0-3.0 mg of total<br>protein lysate<br>IHC 1:50-1:500 |  |
| Applications           | Tested Applications:<br>WB, IHC, IP, ELISA  | Positive Controls:  |             |  |  |
|                        | Cited Applications:   |   |             | WB: K-562 cells, MCF-7 cells   |  |
|                        | WB, IHC, IF, ColP   | IP : HeLa cells,  |             |  |  |
|                        | Species Specificity: IHC : human breast cancer tissue, human testis tis   human, mouse, rat human colon cancer tissue   |   |             |  |  |
|                        | Cited Species:<br>human, mouse  |   |             |  |  |
|                        | Note-IHC: suggested antigen retrieval with<br>TE buffer pH 9.0; (*) Alternatively, antigen<br>retrieval may be performed with citrate<br>buffer pH 6.0  |   |             |  |  |
| Background Information | Retinoic acid receptors (RARs) function as nuclear receptors that control gene expression in response to binding of the ligand retinoic acid (RA). Retinoic acid receptor alpha (RARa), also known as NR1B1 (nuclear receptor subfamily 1, group B, member 1), plays an essential role in the regulation of retinoic acid-induced germ cell development during spermatogenesis. Formation of a complex with histone deacetylases might lead to inhibition of RARE DNA element binding and to transcriptional repression (PubMed:28167758). Transcriptional activation and RARE DNA element binding might be supported by the transcription factor KLF2 (PubMed:28167758). |   |             |  |  |
| Notable Publications   | Author Pu   | bmed ID Jou   | urnal       | Application  |  |
|                        |   |   | etabolism   | WB,IHC   |  |
|                        |   | 278669 Ce   | ell Signal  | WB   |  |
|                        | Lu Wang 36  | 482192 Br   | J Cancer    | WB   |  |
| Storage                | Storage:<br>Store at -20°C. Stable for one year a<br>Storage Buffer:  | fter shipment.  |             |  |  |

For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact: T: 1 (888) 4PTGLAB (1-888-478-4522) (toll free E: proteintech@ptglab.com in USA), or 1(312) 455-8498 (outside USA) W: ptglab.com

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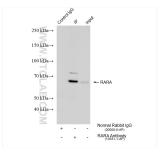
## Selected Validation Data





K-562 cells were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 10331-1-AP (RARA antibody) at dilution of 1:600 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human breast cancer tissue slide using 10331-1-AP (RARA antibody) at dilution of 1:200 (under 40x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).



IP result of anti-RARA (IP:10331-1-AP, 4ug; Detection:10331-1-AP 1:2000) with HeLa cells lysate 1760 ug.