For Research Use Only

PAH Polyclonal antibody Catalog Number: 16347-1-AP 4 Publications

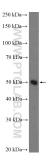
Antibodies | ELISA kits | Proteins www.ptglab.com

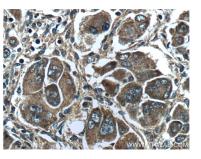
Basic Information	Catalog Number: 16347-1-AP	GenBank Accession Numb BC026251		Purification Method: Antigen affinity purification
	Size:	GenelD (NCBI):		Recommended Dilutions:
	150ul , Concentration: 350 ug/ml by	5053		WB 1:500-1:1000
	Nanodrop and 240 ug/ml by Bradford method using BSA as the standard;	UNIT KOT ID.		IHC 1:50-1:500
	Source:	P00439		
	Rabbit	Full Name: phenylalanine hydroxyla	ise	
	lsotype: IgG	Calculated MW: 452 aa, 52 kDa		
	Immunogen Catalog Number: AG9541	Observed MW: 52 kDa		
Applications	Tested Applications:	Pc	ositive Contro	ls:
	WB, IHC, ELISA	Wb: nepuz ce		ls, mouse kidney tissue
	Cited Applications: WB, IHC	IH	IC : human liv	rer cancer tissue,
	Species Specificity: human, mouse			
	Cited Species: human, mouse			
	Note-IHC: suggested antigen r TE buffer pH 9.0; (*) Alternativ retrieval may be performed w buffer pH 6.0	vely, antigen		
Background Information	PAH, also known as PH, belongs to the conversion of L-phenylalanine (L-Phe primarily present in the liver, where i hyperphenylalaninemia (HPA). The c) to L-tyrosine (L-Tyr) by pa removal of excess L-Phe pr	ara-hydroxyla revents the ne	tion of the aromatic side chain. PA surotoxic effect of
	PAH, also known as PH, belongs to the conversion of L-phenylalanine (L-Phe primarily present in the liver, where a hyperphenylalaninemia (HPA). The c) to L-tyrosine (L-Tyr) by pa removal of excess L-Phe pr	ara-hydroxyla revents the ne	tion of the aromatic side chain. PA surotoxic effect of
	PAH, also known as PH, belongs to the conversion of L-phenylalanine (L-Phe primarily present in the liver, where r hyperphenylalaninemia (HPA). The c) to L-tyrosine (L-Tyr) by pa removal of excess L-Phe pr alculated molecular weigh	ara-hydroxyla events the ne nt of PAH is 52	tion of the aromatic side chain. PA urotoxic effect of 2 kDa (PMID: 23457044).
Background Information Notable Publications	PAH, also known as PH, belongs to the conversion of L-phenylalanine (L-Phe primarily present in the liver, where a hyperphenylalaninemia (HPA). The c Author Pu Angel Loza-Valdes 34) to L-tyrosine (L-Tyr) by pa removal of excess L-Phe pr alculated molecular weigh bmed ID Journal	ara-hydroxyla revents the ne nt of PAH is 52	tion of the aromatic side chain. PA surotoxic effect of 2 kDa (PMID: 23457044). Application
	PAH, also known as PH, belongs to the conversion of L-phenylalanine (L-Phe primarily present in the liver, where the hyperphenylalaninemia (HPA). The conversion Author Put Angel Loza-Valdes 34 Changzheng Li 35) to L-tyrosine (L-Tyr) by pa removal of excess L-Phe pr alculated molecular weigh bmed ID Journal 145024 Life Sci A	ara-hydroxyla events the nent of PAH is 52 Alliance Weinh)	tion of the aromatic side chain. PA surotoxic effect of 2 kDa (PMID: 23457044). Application WB
Notable Publications	PAH, also known as PH, belongs to the conversion of L-phenylalanine (L-Phe primarily present in the liver, where the hyperphenylalaninemia (HPA). The conversional terms of the terms of terms of the terms of the terms of term) to L-tyrosine (L-Tyr) by pa removal of excess L-Phe pr alculated molecular weigh bmed ID Journal 145024 Life Sci A 080145 Adv Sci (915296 Pharmac er shipment.	ara-hydroxyla events the nent of PAH is 52 Alliance Weinh)	tion of the aromatic side chain. PA urotoxic effect of 2 kDa (PMID: 23457044). Application WB WB
	PAH, also known as PH, belongs to the conversion of L-phenylalanine (L-Phe primarily present in the liver, where in hyperphenylalaninemia (HPA). The con- Author Put Angel Loza-Valdes 34 Changzheng Li 35 Yunjie Wang 33 Storage: Storage: Storage Buffer:) to L-tyrosine (L-Tyr) by pa removal of excess L-Phe pr alculated molecular weigh bmed ID Journal 145024 Life Sci A 080145 Adv Sci (915296 Pharmac er shipment. % glycerol pH 7.3.	ara-hydroxyla events the nent of PAH is 52 Alliance Weinh)	tion of the aromatic side chain. PA urotoxic effect of 2 kDa (PMID: 23457044). Application WB WB

For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact:T: 1 (888) 4PTGLAB (1-888-478-4522) (toll free
in USA), or 1(312) 455-8498 (outside USA)E: proteintech@ptglab.comW: ptglab.com

This product is exclusively available under Proteintech Group brand and is not available to purchase from any other manufacturer.

Selected Validation Data





HepG2 cells were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 16347-1-AP (PAH Antibody) at dilution of 1:600 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours. Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human liver cancer tissue slide using 16347-1-AP (PAH Antibody) at dilution of 1:200 (under 40x lens).