For Research Use Only

FPGT Polyclonal antibody

Catalog Number:24937-1-AP



Purification Method:

WB 1:500-1:1000

IHC 1:20-1:200

Antigen affinity purification

Recommended Dilutions:

Basic Information

Catalog Number:

24937-1-AP

GenBank Accession Number:

BC032308

GeneID (NCBI): Size:

150ul, Concentration: 800 ug/ml by 8790 Nanodrop and 467 ug/ml by Bradford $\,$ UNIPROT ID:

method using BSA as the standard;

Source:

Full Name: Rabbit fucose-1-phosphate

Isotype: guanylyltransferase

Calculated MW:

Immunogen Catalog Number: 67 kDa

AG20655 Observed MW:

38 kDa

014772

Applications

Tested Applications:

WB, IHC, ELISA

Species Specificity:

human, mouse

Note-IHC: suggested antigen retrieval with TE buffer pH 9.0; (*) Alternatively, antigen retrieval may be performed with citrate

buffer pH 6.0

Positive Controls:

WB: mouse colon tissue.

IHC: human colon tissue, human kidney tissue

Background Information

 $FPGT (Fucose \hbox{-} 1- phosphate guanylyl transferase) is also named as GFPP. This protein catalyzes the formation of GDP-dependent of the second of the sec$ L-fucose from GTP and L-fucose-1-phosphate. It also functions as a salvage pathway to reutilize L-fucose arising from the turnover of glycoproteins and glycolipids. FPGT has 6 isoforms produced by alternative splicing.

Storage

Store at -20°C. Stable for one year after shipment.

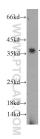
Storage Buffer:

PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.3.

Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

*** 20ul sizes contain 0.1% BSA

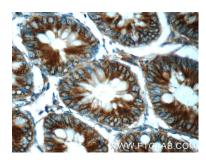
Selected Validation Data



mouse colon tissue were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 24937-1-AP (FPGT Antibody) at dilution of 1:600 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human colon tissue slide using 24937-1-AP (FPGT Antibody) at dilution of 1:50 (under 10x lens).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human colon tissue slide using 24937-1-AP (FPGT Antibody) at dilution of 1:50 (under 40x lens).