## For Research Use Only

## ABL1 Polyclonal antibody

Catalog Number: 29725-1-AP



**Basic Information** 

Catalog Number:

GenBank Accession Number:

**Purification Method:** Antigen affinity purification

Size:

GeneID (NCBI):

BC117451

Recommended Dilutions:

150ul, Concentration: 450 ug/ml by

WB 1:500-1:3000

Nanodrop: Source:

29725-1-AP

**UNIPROT ID:** P00519 Full Name:

Rabbit Isotype:

c-abl oncogene 1, receptor tyrosine

IgG kinase

Calculated MW:

1149 aa, 125 kDa Observed MW: 140 kDa

**Applications** 

**Tested Applications:** 

WB, ELISA

Species Specificity:

Human

Positive Controls:

WB: HeLa cells, LNCaP cells

## **Background Information**

ABL1, also named as ABL, JTK7, c-ABL and p150, belongs to the protein kinase superfamily, Tyr protein kinase family and ABL subfamily. ABL1 regulates cytoskeleton remodeling during cell differentiation, cell division and cell adhesion. ABL1 localizes to dynamic actin structures, and phosphorylates CRK and CRKL, DOK1, and other proteins controlling cytoskeleton dynamics. It regulates DNA repair potentially by activating the proapoptotic pathway when the DNA damage is too severe to be repaired. ABL1 catalyze the reaction: ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine phosphate. A chromosomal aberration involving ABL1 is a cause of chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) [MIM:608232]. Translocation t(9;22)(q34;q11) with BCR. The translocation produces a BCR-ABL found also in acute myeloid leukemia (AML) and acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL).

Storage

Storage:

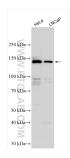
Store at -20°C. Stable for one year after shipment.

PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.3.

Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

\*\*\* 20ul sizes contain 0.1% BSA

## Selected Validation Data



Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 29725-1-AP (ABL1 antibody) at dilution of 1:1500 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.