For Research Use Only

## IL-12/IL-23 p40 Monoclonal antibody proteintech

Catalog Number: 66288-1-lg



**Purification Method:** 

**Basic Information** 

Catalog Number: GenBank Accession Number:

66288-1-lg Protein A purification BC067498

GeneID (NCBI): CloneNo.: Size: 150ul, Concentration: 1800 µg/ml by 3593 **4B2A8** 

Nanodrop and 1373 µg/ml by Bradford<sub>Full Name</sub>: Recommended Dilutions: method using BSA as the standard; interleukin 12B (natural killer cell WB 1:500-1:2000

stimulatory factor 2, cytotoxic Mouse lymphocyte maturation factor 2, p40)

Calculated MW: Isotype: 328 aa, 37 kDa IgG2a Observed MW: Immunogen Catalog Number: AG21429 37 kDa

**Applications** 

**Tested Applications: Positive Controls:** WB. FIISA WB: human liver tissue,

Species Specificity: human, pig

## **Background Information**

Interleukin-12 (IL-12), is a cytokine that is secreted by activated phagocytes and dendritic cells and that induces interferon-y production by natural-killer and T lymphocytes. IL-12 is a 75 kDa heterodimer composed of a 35 kDa subunit (IL-12A p35) and a 40 kDa subunit (IL-12B p40) that is secreted by a wide variety of antigen presenting cells (APCs), including phagocytes, B cells and Langerhans cells. IL-12B has been found to be important for sustaining a sufficient number of memory/effector Th1 cells to mediate long-term protection to an intracellular pathogen. Overexpression of IL-12B was observed in the central nervous system of patients with multiple sclerosis (MS), suggesting a role of this cytokine in the pathogenesis of the disease. The promoter polymorphism of IL-12B has been reported to be associated with the severity of atopic and non-atopic asthma in children.

Storage

Store at -20°C. Stable for one year after shipment.

PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.3.

Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

\*\*\* 20ul sizes contain 0.1% BSA

## Selected Validation Data



human liver tissue were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 66288-1-1g (IL12B Antibody) at dilution of 1:1000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.