#### For Research Use Only

# TFPI Monoclonal antibody

Catalog Number:66842-1-lg 1 Publications



**Purification Method:** 

Recommended Dilutions:

WB 1:1000-1:3000

**Basic Information** 

Catalog Number: GenBank Accession Number: 66842-1-lg BC015514

66842-1-Ig BC015514 Protein A purification
Size: GeneID (NCBI): CloneNo.:

150ul , Concentration: 1700 µg/ml by 7035 1B12F11

Nanodrop and 1000 µg/ml by Bradford<sub>Full Name</sub>: method using BSA as the standard; tissue factor pathway inhibitor

ource: (lipoprotein-associated coagulation

Mouse inhibitor)

Isotype: Calculated MW:
IgG2a 251aa,29 kDa; 304aa,35 kDa

Immunogen Catalog Number: Observed MW:

AG14980 35-38 kDa

**Applications** 

**Tested Applications:** 

WB,ELISA

**Cited Applications:** 

WB

Species Specificity:

Human
Cited Species:
human

**Positive Controls:** 

WB: human placenta tissue, HepG2 cells

### **Background Information**

Tissue factor pathway inhibitor (TFPI) is a critical anticoagulant protein present in endothelium and platelets. TFPI is produced as two major isoforms in humans, TFPIa and TFPIb that result from alternative splicing. The TFPIb isoform localizes to the endothelium surface where it is a potent inhibitor of tissue factor-factor VIIa complexes that initiate blood coagulation. The TFPIa isoform is present in platelets. TFPI is a Kunitz-type serine protease inhibitor that exerts anticoagulant activity by blocking early procoagulant stimulia. TFPI can enhance anti-thrombotic treatment in sepsis, inflammatory diseases, and cardiovascular diseases.

#### Notable Publications

Author	Pubmed ID	Journal	Application
Ting Li	34238922	Cell Death Dis	WB

Storage

Storage:

Store at -20°C. Stable for one year after shipment.

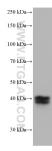
Storage Buffer:

PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.3.

Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

\*\*\* 20ul sizes contain 0.1% BSA

## Selected Validation Data



human placenta tissue were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 66842-1-lg (TFPI antibody) at dilution of 1:2000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.