For Research Use Only

PPAR Gamma Monoclonal antibody, PBS Only

Catalog Number:66936-1-PBS

Basic Information

- Catalog Number: 66936-1-PBS Size: 100ug , Concentration: 1mg/ml by Nanodrop: Source Mouse Isotype: lgG1 Immunogen Catalog Number: AG16657
- GenBank Accession Number: BC006811 GenelD (NCBI): 5468 UNIPROT ID: P37231 Full Name: peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma Calculated MW: 58 kDa **Observed MW:** 50 kDa
- **Purification Method:** Protein A purification CloneNo.: 1F4A2

Applications

Tested Applications: WB, IHC, FC (Intra), Indirect ELISA **Species Specificity:** human, mouse

Background Information

Peroxisome Proliferator-Activated Receptors (PPARs) are ligand-activated intracellular transcription factors, members of the nuclear hormone receptor superfamily (NR), that includes estrogen, thyroid hormone receptors, retinoic acid, Vitamin D3 as well as retinoid X receptors (RXRs). The PPAR subfamily consists of three subtypes encoded by distinct genes denoted PPARa (NR1C1), PPARβ/δ (NR1C2) and PPARγ (NR1C3), which are activated by selective ligands. PPARy, also named as PPARG, contains one nuclear receptor DNA-binding domain and is a receptor that binds peroxisome proliferators such as hypolipidemic drugs and fatty acids. It plays an important role in the regulation of lipid homeostasis, adipogenesis, INS resistance, and development of various organs. Defects in PPARG are the cause of familial partial lipodystrophy type 3 (FPLD3) and may be associated with susceptibility to obesity. Defects in PPARG can lead to type 2 INS-resistant diabetes and hypertension. PPARG mutations may be associated with colon cancer. Genetic variations in PPARG are associated with susceptibility to glioma type 1 (GLM1). PPARG has two isoforms with molecular weight 57 kDa and 54 kDa (PMID: 9831621), but modified PPARG is about 67 KDa (PMID: 16809887). PPARG2 is a splice variant and has an additional 30 amino acids at the N-terminus (PMID: 15689403). Experimental data indicate that a 45 kDa protein displaying three different sequences immunologically related to the nuclear receptor PPARG2 is located in mitochondria (mt-PPAR). However, the molecular weight of this protein is clearly less when compared to that of PPARG2 (57 kDa) (PMID: 10922459). PPARG has been reported to be localized mainly (but not always) in the nucleus. PPARG can also be detected in the cytoplasm and was reported to possess extra-nuclear/non-genomic actions (PMID: 17611413; 19432669; 14681322).

Storage

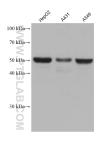
Storage: Store at -80°C. Storage Buffer: PBS only

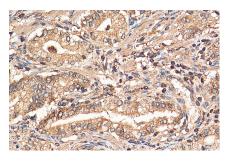
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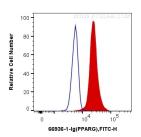
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Selected Validation Data





Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 66936-1-Ig (PPARG antibody) at dilution of 1:10000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours. This data was developed using the same antibody clone with 66936-1-PBS in a different storage buffer formulation. Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human prostate cancer tissue slide using 66936-1-1g (PPAR Gamma antibody) at dilution of 1:500 (under 40x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0). This data was developed using the same antibody clone with 66936-1-PBS in a different storage buffer formulation.



1X10^6 HeLa cells were intracellularly stained with 0.4 ug Anti-Human PPAR Gamma (66936-1-1g, Clone:1F4A2) and CoraLite® 488-Conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Mouse IgG(H+L) at dilution 1:1000 (red), or 0.4 ug Control Antibody. Cells were fixed and permeabilized with Transcription Factor Staining Buffer Kit (PF00011). This data was developed using the same antibody clone with 66936-1-PBS in a different storage buffer formulation.