For Research Use Only

## ODC1 Monoclonal antibody

Catalog Number:67336-1-lg Featured Product 1 Publications

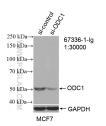


Basic Information	Catalog Number: 67336-1-lg	GenBank Accession Number: BC025296	Purification Method: Protein A purification	
	Size:	GeneID (NCBI):	CloneNo.:	
	150ul, Concentration: 2000 ug/ml by Nanodrop and 940 ug/ml by Bradford method using BSA as the standard; Source: Mouse		2A1E3	
		UNIPROT ID:	Recommended Dilutions: WB 1:5000-1:50000 IF/ICC 1:500-1:2000	
		P11926		
		Full Name: ornithine decarboxylase 1		
	lsotype: lgG1	Calculated MW: 461 aa, 51 kDa		
	Immunogen Catalog Number: AG10927	Observed MW: 51 kDa		
Applications	Tested Applications:	Positive Controls:		
	WB, IF/ICC, ELISA	WB : MCF-	7 cells, HUVEC cells, human placenta tissue	
	Cited Applications: WB	IF/ICC : MCF-7 cells,		
	Species Specificity: human			
	Cited Species: mouse			
	mouse			
Background Information	Ornithine decarboxylase (ODC) is als family. It catalyzes the conversion of polyamine biosynthesis. The level of translation, and enzyme degradation feedback control (PMID:8486633). Thi	ornithine to putrescine, the first st FODC is known to be controlled at Polyamines can stimulate the dep is protein can be phosphorylated in alytically active, as the active site	several sites, namely transcription, gradation of ODC as a type of negative n vivo (PMID:8798774). ODC1 can form a as are constructed of residues from both	
Background Information	Ornithine decarboxylase (ODC) is als family. It catalyzes the conversion of polyamine biosynthesis. The level of translation, and enzyme degradation feedback control (PMID:8486633). Thi homodimer and only the dimer is cat monomers (PMID: 10623504). The mo	ornithine to putrescine, the first st FODC is known to be controlled at Polyamines can stimulate the dep is protein can be phosphorylated in alytically active, as the active site	ep and a major site of regulation of several sites, namely transcription, gradation of ODC as a type of negative n vivo (PMID:8798774). ODC1 can form a sare constructed of residues from both	
	Ornithine decarboxylase (ODC) is als family. It catalyzes the conversion of polyamine biosynthesis. The level of translation, and enzyme degradation feedback control (PMID:8486633). Thi homodimer and only the dimer is cat monomers (PMID: 10623504). The mo	ornithine to putrescine, the first st FODC is known to be controlled at Polyamines can stimulate the dep is protein can be phosphorylated ir alytically active, as the active site olecular mass of ODC1 is 51 kDa, a	ep and a major site of regulation of several sites, namely transcription, gradation of ODC as a type of negative n vivo (PMID:8798774). ODC 1 can form a s are constructed of residues from both nd the homodimer is 106 kDa. Application	
	Ornithine decarboxylase (ODC) is als family. It catalyzes the conversion of polyamine biosynthesis. The level of translation, and enzyme degradation feedback control (PMID:8486633). Thi homodimer and only the dimer is cat monomers (PMID: 10623504). The mo	Formithine to putrescine, the first st FODC is known to be controlled at Polyamines can stimulate the dep is protein can be phosphorylated in alytically active, as the active site olecular mass of ODC1 is 51 kDa, a	ep and a major site of regulation of several sites, namely transcription, gradation of ODC as a type of negative n vivo (PMID:8798774). ODC 1 can form a s are constructed of residues from both nd the homodimer is 106 kDa. Application	
	Ornithine decarboxylase (ODC) is als family. It catalyzes the conversion of polyamine biosynthesis. The level of translation, and enzyme degradation feedback control (PMID:8486633). Thi homodimer and only the dimer is cat monomers (PMID: 10623504). The mod Author Put Tingting Li 386 Storage: Storage Juffer:	Formithine to putrescine, the first st FODC is known to be controlled at Polyamines can stimulate the dep is protein can be phosphorylated in alytically active, as the active site olecular mass of ODC1 is 51 kDa, a pred ID Journal 557365 J Pharm Biomed of the shipment.	ep and a major site of regulation of several sites, namely transcription, gradation of ODC as a type of negative n vivo (PMID:8798774). ODC1 can form a s are constructed of residues from both nd the homodimer is 106 kDa. Application	
Notable Publications	Ornithine decarboxylase (ODC) is als family. It catalyzes the conversion of polyamine biosynthesis. The level of translation, and enzyme degradation feedback control (PMID:8486633). Thi homodimer and only the dimer is cat monomers (PMID: 10623504). The mo Author Put Tingting Li 386 Storage: Storage:	Formithine to putrescine, the first st FODC is known to be controlled at Polyamines can stimulate the dep is protein can be phosphorylated in alytically active, as the active site olecular mass of ODC1 is 51 kDa, a med ID Journal 557365 J Pharm Biomed of the shipment. % glycerol pH 7.3.	ep and a major site of regulation of several sites, namely transcription, gradation of ODC as a type of negative n vivo (PMID:8798774). ODC 1 can form a s are constructed of residues from both nd the homodimer is 106 kDa. Application	

For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact: T: 1 (888) 4PTGLAB (1-888-478-4522) (toll free E: proteintech@ptglab.com in USA), or 1(312) 455-8498 (outside USA) W: ptglab.com

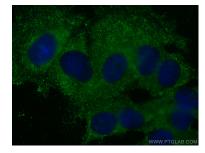
This product is exclusively available under Proteintech Group brand and is not available to purchase from any other manufacturer.

## Selected Validation Data





WB result of ODC1 antibody (67336-1-lg; 1:30000; incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours) with sh-Control and sh-ODC1 transfected MCF-7 cells. MCF-7 cells were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 67336-1-1g (ODC1 antibody) at dilution of 1:10000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.



Immunofluorescent analysis of (-20°C Methanol) fixed MCF-7 cells using ODC1 antibody (67336-1-Ig, Clone: 2A1E3) at dilution of 1:1000 and CoraLite@488-Conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Mouse IgG(H+L) (SA00013-1).