

For Research Use Only

Phospho-MEK1 (Thr386) Monoclonal antibody

Catalog Number: 68015-1-Ig

1 Publications



Basic Information

Catalog Number: 68015-1-Ig	GenBank Accession Number: BC139729	Purification Method: Protein G purification
Size: 100ul , Concentration: 1000 ug/ml by Nanodrop;	GeneID (NCBI): 5604	CloneNo.: 1G6A2
Source: Mouse	ENSEMBL Gene ID: ENSG00000169032	Recommended Dilutions: WB 1:5000-1:50000 IF/ICC 1:200-1:800
Isotype: IgG1	UNIPROT ID: Q02750	
	Full Name: mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 1	
	Calculated MW: 43 kDa	
	Observed MW: 40-50 kDa	

Applications

Tested Applications: WB, IF/ICC, ELISA	Positive Controls:
Cited Applications: WB	WB : HeLa cells, HEK-293 cells, A431 cells, NIH/3T3 cells, nocodazole treated HEK-293 cells, nocodazole treated A431 cells, Calyculin A treated NIH/3T3 cells, Calyculin A treated HeLa cells, λ phosphatase treated HeLa cells
Species Specificity: human, mouse	IF/ICC : Calyculin A treated HeLa cells,
Cited Species: human, mouse	

Background Information

MAP2K1 encodes MAPK1, also known as MEK1. MEK1 variants can enhance MEK1 expression and ERK1 phosphorylation that together lead to continuous activation of MEK/ERK signaling pathway. MEK1 bind directly to ERK2 through a region in the N terminus of MEK. In addition, a proline-rich (PR) regulatory sequence in MEK is also involved in MEK-ERK association and signal propagation. The coupling between MEK1 and ERK2 is enhanced through phosphorylation on S298 in the MEK1 PR region, whereas phosphorylation on MEK1 T292 releases the complex. MEK1 T292 is a substrate of ERK2, but the site is also phosphorylated at a basal level when ERK2 is inhibited, suggesting several regulators of this site. Although the S298 site in MEK2 has been conserved, it lacks the T292 phosphorylation site, and it is not a substrate of PAK1. (PMID: 31972311, PMID: 17928366, PMID: 22177953)

Notable Publications

Author	Pubmed ID	Journal	Application
Hao Qin	37405911	Cell Rep	WB

Storage

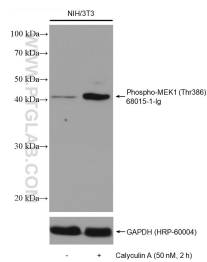
Storage:
Store at -20°C. Stable for one year after shipment.
Storage Buffer:
PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.3.
Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

*** 20ul sizes contain 0.1% BSA

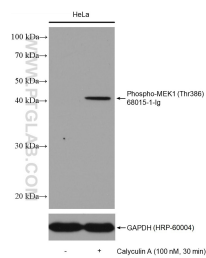
For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact:
T: 1 (888) 4PTGLAB (1-888-478-4522) (toll free in USA), or 1(312) 455-8498 (outside USA)
E: proteintech@ptglab.com
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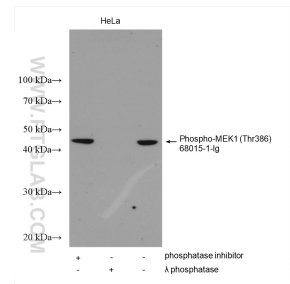
Selected Validation Data



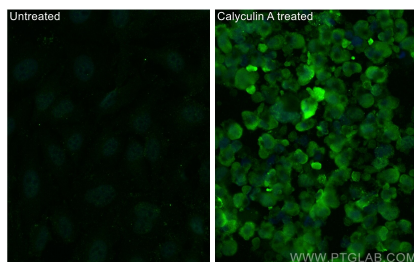
Non-treated NIH/3T3 cells and Calyculin A treated NIH/3T3 cells were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 68015-1-Ig (Phospho-MEK1 (Thr386) antibody) at dilution of 1:10000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours. The membrane was stripped and re-blotted with GAPDH antibody as loading control.



Non-treated HeLa cells and Calyculin A treated HeLa cells were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 68015-1-Ig (Phospho-MEK1 (Thr386) antibody) at dilution of 1:10000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours. The membrane was stripped and re-blotted with GAPDH antibody as loading control.



Non-treated HeLa cells, phosphatase inhibitor treated and λ phosphatase treated HeLa cells were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 68015-1-Ig (Phospho-MEK1 (Thr386) antibody) at dilution of 1:10000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.



Immunofluorescent analysis of (4% PFA) fixed Calyculin A treated HeLa cells using Phospho-MEK1 (Thr386) antibody (68015-1-Ig, Clone: 1G6A2) at dilution of 1:400 and Multi-rAb Coralite® Plus 488-Goat Anti-Mouse Recombinant Secondary Antibody (H+L) (RGAM002).