For Research Use Only

NeutraKine® IFN Gamma Monoclonal antibody



Purification Method:

CloneNo.:

1E10G7

Protein G purification

Catalog Number: 69007-1-Ig 1 Publications

Basic Information

Catalog Number:

69007-1-lg

Size:

100ug Source:

Mouse Isotype: lgG1

Immunogen Catalog Number:

HZ-1301

GenBank Accession Number:

GeneID (NCBI):

3458

ENSEMBL Gene ID: ENSG00000111537

Full Name:

IFN gamma

Applications

Tested Applications:

ELISA, Neutralization

Cited Applications:

Neutralization

Species Specificity:

Human

Background Information

Interferon gamma (IFNG) is a soluble cytokine that is the only member of the type II class of interferons. It is secreted by Th1 cells, cytotoxic T cells and NK cells. The cytokine is associated with antiviral, immunoregulatory and anti-tumor properties and is a potent activator of macrophages. It plays crucial roles in pathogen clearance. Aberrant IFNG expression is associated with a number of autoinflammatory and autoimmune diseases. It has been identified in many studies as a biomarker for pleural tuberculosis (TB). Mutations in this gene are associated with

This antibody can be used to neutralize the bioactivity of Interferon gamma.

Notable Publications

Author	Pubmed ID	Journal	Application
Guanzhan Liang	38423357	Cell Mol Gastroenterol Hepatol	Neutralization

Storage

Lyophilized antibodies are stable for 1 year from the date of receipt if stored between (-20°C) and (-80°C). Upon reconstitution we recommend that the solution can be stored at (4°C) for short term or at (-20°C) to (-80°C) for long term. Repeated freeze thaw cycles should be avoided with reconstituted products.

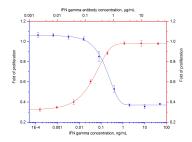
Storage Buffer:

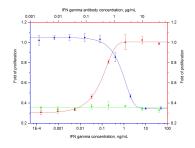
Sterile PBS.

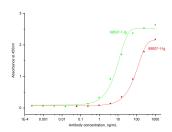
Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

*** 20ul sizes contain 0.1% BSA

Selected Validation Data







Recombinant human IFN-gamma (Cat.NO. HZ-1301) inhibits HT-29 cell line (human colorectal adenocarcinoma cell line) proliferation in the prescence of 0.5 ng/mL TNF alpha in a dose-dependent manner (blue curve, refer to bottom X-left Y axis). The activity of human IFN-gamma (2ng/mL HZ-1301 axis) is neutralized by mouse antihuman IFN-gamma monoclonal antibody 69007-1-lg at serial dose (red curve, refer to top X-right Y axis). The ND50 is typically 100-

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Indirect ELISA was carried out by coating recombinant Human IFN gamma (Cat.NO. HZ-1301) at 70 ng/well followed by blocking and adding serial diluted IFN gamma antibody 69007-1-Ig and 69507-1-Ig respectively. Signal was developed with TMB and stopped by H2SO4. Signal strength was measured by absorbance at 450 nm.