For Research Use Only

NeutraKine® IFN-gamma Mouse McAb

Catalog Number:69007-1-lg 1 Publications



Basic Information

Catalog Number:

GenBank Accession Number:

Purification Method: Protein G purification

69007-1-lg

GeneID (NCBI): 3458

CloneNo.:

1E10G7

Size: 100ug

ENSEMBL Gene ID:

ENSG00000111537

Source: Mouse

Full Name:

Isotype: lgG1

IFN gamma

Immunogen Catalog Number:

HZ-1301

Positive Controls:

Tested Applications: Applications Neutralization, ELISA

Neutralization: TNF alpha treated HT-29 cells, HT-29

Cited Applications: Neutralization

Species Specificity:

human

ELISA: Recombinant protein,

Background Information

Interferon gamma (IFNG) is a soluble cytokine that is the only member of the type II class of interferons. It is secreted by Th1 cells, cytotoxic T cells and NK cells. The cytokine is associated with antiviral, immunoregulatory and anti-tumor properties and is a potent activator of macrophages. It plays crucial roles in pathogen clearance. Aberrant IFNG expression is associated with a number of autoinflammatory and autoimmune diseases. It has been identified in many studies as a biomarker for pleural tuberculosis (TB). Mutations in this gene are associated with

This antibody can be used to neutralize the bioactivity of Interferon gamma.

Notable Publications

Author	Pubmed ID	Journal	Application
Guanzhan Liang	38423357	Cell Mol Gastroenterol Hepatol	Neutralization

Storage

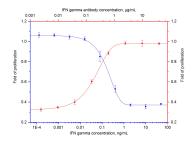
Lyophilized antibodies are stable for 1 year from the date of receipt if stored between (-20°C) and (-80°C). Upon reconstitution we recommend that the solution can be stored at (4°C) for short term or at (-20°C) to (-80°C) for long term. Repeated freeze thaw cycles should be avoided with reconstituted products.

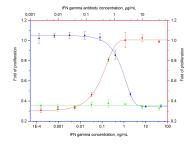
Storage Buffer: Sterile PBS, pH7.4

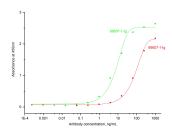
Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

*** 20ul sizes contain 0.1% BSA

Selected Validation Data







Recombinant human IFN-gamma (Cat.NO. HZ-1301) inhibits HT-29 cell line (human colorectal adenocarcinoma cell line) proliferation in the prescence of 0.5 ng/ml. TNF alpha in a dose-dependent manner (blue curve, refer to bottom X-left Y axis). The activity of human IFN-gamma (2ng/ml. HZ-1301 axis) is neutralized by mouse antihuman IFN-gamma monoclonal antibody 69007-1-lg at serial dose (red curve, refer to top X-right Y axis). The ND50 is typically 100-

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Indirect ELISA was carried out by coating recombinant Human IFN gamma (Cat.NO. HZ-1301) at 70 ng/well followed by blocking and adding serial diluted IFN gamma antibody 69007-1-Ig and 69507-1-Ig respectively. Signal was developed with TMB and stopped by H2SO4. Signal strength was measured by absorbance at 450 nm.