## NeutraKine® IL-10 Monoclonal antibody Catalog Number:69018-1-lg <u>3 Publications</u>



| Basic Information  | Catalog Number:   | GenBank Accession Number:   | Purification Method:  |  |  |  |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|
|  | 69018-1-lg  | GenelD (NCBI):  | Protein G purification  |  |  |  |
|  | Size:<br>100ug<br>Source:<br>Mouse  | 3586<br>Full Name:<br>interleukin 10  | CloneNo.:<br>1E4F5<br>Recommended Dilutions:<br>IHC 1:50-1:500  |  |  |  |
|  |   |   |   | Isotype:<br>IgG1   |  |  |
|  |   |   |   | Immunogen Catalog Number:<br>HZ-1145                     |  |  |
|  | Applications  | Tested Applications:  | Positive Controls:  |  |  |  |
|  |   | IHC, ELISA, Neutralization<br>Cited Applications:<br>IHC, IF, Neutralization  | IHC : hı<br>tissue  | IHC : human tonsillitis tissue, human lung cancer tissue |  |  |
| Species Specificity:<br>Human  |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| Cited Species:<br>human, mouse   |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| Note-IHC: suggested antigen retrieval with<br>TE buffer pH 9.0; (*) Alternatively, antigen<br>retrieval may be performed with citrate<br>buffer pH 6.0 |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|  | bujjer pH 6.0   |   |   |  |  |  |
| Background Information   | Interleukin (IL)-10 is an anti-infla<br>B cells, that plays a crucial role in<br>expression of Th1 cytokines, MHC<br>B cell survival, proliferation, and<br>regulation of the JAK-STAT signal<br>pathogenesis of various diseases   | preventing inflammatory and auto<br>class II antigens, and co-stimulato<br>antibody production. IL-10 can bloc<br>ling pathway. IL-10, along with its r   | helper (Th) cells, macrophages, monocytes, and<br>bimmune pathologies. It downregulates the<br>ny molecules on macrophages. It also enhance<br>k NF-kB activity, and is involved in the<br>ecceptors, describes an important role in<br>y, autoimmune diseases. IL-10 mutations are<br>eumatoid arthritis.  |  |  |  |
| Background Information   | Interleukin (IL)-10 is an anti-infla<br>B cells, that plays a crucial role in<br>expression of Th1 cytokines, MHC<br>B cell survival, proliferation, and<br>regulation of the JAK-STAT signal<br>pathogenesis of various diseases   | preventing inflammatory and auto<br>class II antigens, and co-stimulato<br>antibody production. IL-10 can bloc<br>ling pathway. IL-10, along with its r<br>, including infectious, inflammaton<br>ceptibility to HIV-1 infection and rh   | bimmune pathologies. It downregulates the<br>my molecules on macrophages. It also enhance<br>k NF-kB activity, and is involved in the<br>eceptors, describes an important role in<br>y, autoimmune diseases. IL-10 mutations are  |  |  |  |
|  | Interleukin (IL)-10 is an anti-infla<br>B cells, that plays a crucial role in<br>expression of Th1 cytokines, MHC<br>B cell survival, proliferation, and<br>regulation of the JAK-STAT signal<br>pathogenesis of various diseases<br>associated with an increased susc<br>This antibody can be used to neut   | preventing inflammatory and auto<br>class II antigens, and co-stimulato<br>antibody production. IL-10 can bloc<br>ling pathway. IL-10, along with its r<br>, including infectious, inflammaton<br>ceptibility to HIV-1 infection and rh   | bimmune pathologies. It downregulates the<br>my molecules on macrophages. It also enhance<br>k NF-kB activity, and is involved in the<br>eceptors, describes an important role in<br>y, autoimmune diseases. IL-10 mutations are  |  |  |  |
|  | Interleukin (IL)-10 is an anti-infla<br>B cells, that plays a crucial role in<br>expression of Th1 cytokines, MHC<br>B cell survival, proliferation, and<br>regulation of the JAK-STAT signal<br>pathogenesis of various diseases<br>associated with an increased susc<br>This antibody can be used to neut   | preventing inflammatory and auto<br>class II antigens, and co-stimulato<br>antibody production. IL-10 can bloc<br>ling pathway. IL-10, along with its r<br>, including infectious, inflammaton<br>ceptibility to HIV-1 infection and rh<br>tralize the bioactivity of IL-10.  | bimmune pathologies. It downregulates the<br>my molecules on macrophages. It also enhance<br>k NF-kB activity, and is involved in the<br>eceptors, describes an important role in<br>y, autoimmune diseases. IL-10 mutations are<br>eumatoid arthritis.<br>Application  |  |  |  |
|  | Interleukin (IL)-10 is an anti-infla<br>B cells, that plays a crucial role in<br>expression of Th1 cytokines, MHC<br>B cell survival, proliferation, and<br>regulation of the JAK-STAT signal<br>pathogenesis of various diseases<br>associated with an increased susc<br>This antibody can be used to neut<br>Author I<br>Balun Li   | Preventing inflammatory and autor<br>class II antigens, and co-stimulato<br>antibody production. IL-10 can bloc<br>ling pathway. IL-10, along with its r<br>, including infectious, inflammatory<br>ceptibility to HIV-1 infection and the<br>tralize the bioactivity of IL-10.   | bimmune pathologies. It downregulates the<br>my molecules on macrophages. It also enhance<br>k NF-kB activity, and is involved in the<br>eceptors, describes an important role in<br>y, autoimmune diseases. IL-10 mutations are<br>eumatoid arthritis.<br>Application  |  |  |  |
|  | Interleukin (IL)-10 is an anti-infla<br>B cells, that plays a crucial role in<br>expression of Th1 cytokines, MHC<br>B cell survival, proliferation, and<br>regulation of the JAK-STAT signal<br>pathogenesis of various diseases<br>associated with an increased susc<br>This antibody can be used to neut<br>Author I<br>Balun Li   | Preventing inflammatory and autor<br>class II antigens, and co-stimulato<br>antibody production. IL-10 can bloc<br>ling pathway. IL-10, along with its m<br>, including infectious, inflammator<br>ceptibility to HIV-1 infection and rh<br>tralize the bioactivity of IL-10.<br>Pubmed ID Journal<br>34722505 Front Cell Dev   | binmune pathologies. It downregulates the<br>my molecules on macrophages. It also enhance<br>k NF-kB activity, and is involved in the<br>eceptors, describes an important role in<br>y, autoimmune diseases. IL-10 mutations are<br>eumatoid arthritis.<br>Application<br>Biol IHC  |  |  |  |
| Background Information Notable Publications Storage  | Interleukin (IL)-10 is an anti-infla<br>B cells, that plays a crucial role in<br>expression of Th1 cytokines, MHC<br>B cell survival, proliferation, and<br>regulation of the JAK-STAT signal<br>pathogenesis of various diseases<br>associated with an increased susc<br>This antibody can be used to neut<br>Author I<br>Balun Li E<br>Rui Bai E<br>Li-Wei Xie E<br>Storage:<br>Lyophilized antibodies are stable<br>reconstitution we recommend that | reventing inflammatory and autor<br>class II antigens, and co-stimulato<br>antibody production. IL-10 can bloc<br>ling pathway. IL-10, along with its re-<br>including infectious, inflammatory<br>ceptibility to HIV-1 infection and rh<br>tralize the bioactivity of IL-10.<br>Pubmed ID Journal<br>34722505 Front Cell Dev<br>34131401 Int J Biol Sci<br>38706205 Gut Microbes | binmune pathologies. It downregulates the<br>my molecules on macrophages. It also enhance<br>k NF-kB activity, and is involved in the<br>eceptors, describes an important role in<br>y, autoimmune diseases. IL-10 mutations are<br>eumatoid arthritis.<br>Biol IHC<br>IHC<br>Neutralization,IF<br>if stored between (-20°C) and (-80°C). Upon<br>for short term or at(-20°C) to (-80°C) for long |  |  |  |

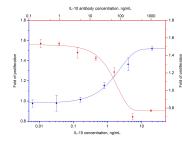
T: 1 (888) 4PTGLAB (1-888-478-4522) (toll free E: proteintech@ptglab.com

in USA), or 1(312) 455-8498 (outside USA)

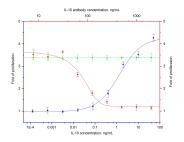
W: ptglab.com

Group brand and is not available to purchase from any other manufacturer.

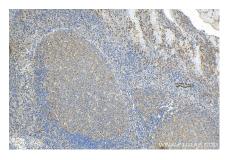
## Selected Validation Data



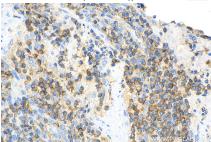
Recombinant human IL-10 (Cat.NO. HZ-1145) stimulates proliferation of MC/9 cells (mouse mast cell line) in a dose-dependent manner (blue curve, refer to bottom X-left Y). The activity of human IL-10 (10 ng/mL) is neutralized by mouse anti-human IL-10 monoclonal antibody 69018-1-1g at serial dose (red curve, refer to top X-right Y). The ND50 is typically 50-200 ng/mL



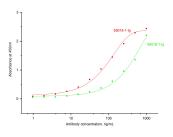
Recombinant human IL-10 (Cat.NO. HZ-1145) stimulates proliferation of MC/9 cells (mouse mast cell line) in a dose-dependent manner (blue curve, refer to bottom X-left Y axis). The activity of human IL-10 (10 ng/mL) is neutralized by mouse anti-human IL-10 monoclonal antibody 69018-1-Ig at serial dose (red curve, refer to top X-right Y axis). The ND50 is typically 50-200 ng/mL The NeutraControl mouse anti-human IL-10 monoclonal antibody 69518-1-Ig could



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human tonsillitis tissue slide using 69018-1-1g (NeutraKine® IL-10 antibody) at dilution of 1:200 (under 10x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human tonsillitis tissue slide using 69018-1-1g (NeutraKine® IL-10 antibody) at dilution of 1:200 (under 40x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).



Indirect ELISA was carried out by coating recombinant Human IL-10 (Cat.NO. HZ-1145) at 70 ng/well followed by blocking and adding serial diluted IL-10 antibody 69018-1-Ig and 69518-1-Ig respectively. Signal was developed with TMB and stopped by H2SO4. Signal strength was measured by absorbance at 450 nm.