For Research Use Only

NeutraControl TGF beta 1 Monoclonal proteintech antibody

Catalog Number: 69512-1-Ig

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Basic Information

Catalog Number:

GenBank Accession Number:

transforming growth factor, beta 1

Purification Method:

69512-1-lg

GeneID (NCBI): 7040

Protein G purification

CloneNo.: 1D3D11

100ug , Concentration: 1000 $\mu g/ml$ by Full Name:

Source

Mouse

Isotype:

lgG1

Immunogen Catalog Number:

HZ-1011

Applications

Tested Applications:

Non-Neutralization, ELISA

Species Specificity:

Human

Background Information

TGFB, also named as LAP and TGFB1, is a multifunctional peptide that controls proliferation, differentiation, and other functions in many cell types. TGFB acts synergistically with TGFA in inducing transformation. It also acts as a negative autocrine growth factor. Dysregulation of TGFB activation and signaling may result in apoptosis. Many $cells \, synthesize \, TGFB \, and \, almost \, all \, of \, them \, have \, specific \, receptors \, for \, it. \, TGFB \, positively \, and \, negatively \, regulates \, it is a simple of them \, it is a specific receptor for it. \, TGFB \, positively \, and \, negatively \, regulates \, it is a specific receptor for it. \, TGFB \, positively \, and \, negatively \, regulates \, it is a specific receptor for it. \, TGFB \, positively \, and \, negatively \, regulates \, it is a specific receptor for it. \, TGFB \, positively \, and \, negatively \, regulates \, it is a specific receptor for it. \, TGFB \, positively \, and \, negatively \, regulates \, it is a specific receptor for it. \, TGFB \, positively \, and \, negatively \, regulates \, it is a specific receptor for it. \, TGFB \, positively \, and \, negatively \, regulates \, it is a specific receptor for it. \, TGFB \, positively \, and \, negatively \, regulates \, it is a specific receptor for it. \, TGFB \, positively \, and \, negatively \, regulates \, it is a specific receptor for its a specific r$ many other growth factors. It plays an important role in bone remodeling as it is a potent stimulator of osteoblastic bone formation, causing chemotaxis, proliferation and differentiation in committed osteoblasts. It is highly expressed in bone. Mutation of TGFB are the cause of Camurati-Engelmann disease (CED) which known as progressive diaphyseal dysplasia 1 (DPD1).

This antibody is a neutralizing control antibody for TGF beta 1, the immunogen is the same as Neutrakine 69012-1-Ig but could not neutralize human TGF beta 1.

Storage

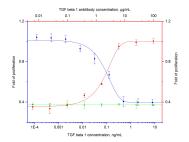
Lyophilized antibodies are stable for 1 year from the date of receipt if stored between (-20°C) and (-80°C). Upon reconstitution we recommend that the solution can be stored at (4°C) for short term or at (-20°C) to (-80°C) for long term. Repeated freeze thaw cycles should be avoided with reconstituted products.

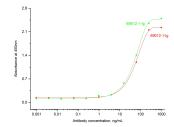
Storage Buffer:

Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

*** 20ul sizes contain 0.1% BSA

Selected Validation Data





Recombinant human TGF beta 1 (Cat.NO. HZ-1011) inhibits IL-4 induced proliferation of mouse HT-2 cells in a dose dependent nammer (blue curve, refer to bottom X-left Y). The activity of human TGF beta 1 (0.5 ng/mL HZ-1011) is neutralized by mouse anti-human TGF beta 1 antibody 69012-1-lg at serial dose (red curve, refer to top X-right Y). The ND50 is typically 1-5 µg/mLThe NeutraControl mouse anti-human TGF beta 1 monoclonal antibody 69512-1-lg could recognize human TGF beta 1,

Indirect ELISA was carried out by coating recombinant Human TGF beta 1 (Cat.NO. HZ-1011) at 70 ng/well followed by blocking and adding serial diluted TGF beta 1 antibody 69012-1-lg and 69512-1-lg respectively. Signal was developed with TMB and stopped by H2SO4. Signal strength was measured by absorbance at 450 nm.