For Research Use Only

mTOR Recombinant antibody

Catalog Number:81670-1-RR

Featured Product



Basic Information

Catalog Number: GenBank Accession Number: **Purification Method:** 81670-1-RR NM 004958 Protein A purification

GeneID (NCBI): CloneNo.: 100ul, Concentration: 300 µg/ml by 2475 6H23

Nanodrop: Recommended Dilutions:

Source: FK506 binding protein 12-rapamycin WB 1:1000-1:6000

Rabbit associated protein 1 IP 0.5-4.0 ug for IP and 1:500-1:2000 for WB Isotype: Calculated MW: IHC 1:50-1:500 289 kDa IgG

Observed MW: Immunogen Catalog Number: 250-289 kDa AG28395

Applications

Tested Applications:

FC, IF, IHC, IP, WB, ELISA Species Specificity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Note-IHC: suggested antigen retrieval with TE buffer pH 9.0; (*) Alternatively, antigen retrieval may be performed with citrate buffer pH 6.0

Positive Controls:

WB: HeLa cells, HEK-293 cells, MCF-7 cells, HepG2 cells, Jurkat cells, NIH/3T3 cells, HSC-T6 cells

IF 1:50-1:500

IP: HeLa cells.

IHC: human colon cancer tissue,

IF: HepG2 cells,

Background Information

mTOR, also named as FRAP1, FRAP2 and RAPT1, belongs to the PI3/PI4-kinase family. MTOR is a Ser/Thr protein kinase that functions as an ATP and amino acid sensor to balance nutrient availability and cell growth. MTOR is kinase subunit of both mTORC1 and mTORC2, which regulate cell growth and survival in response to nutrient and hormonal signals. mTORC1 is activated in response to growth factors or amino-acids. mTORC2 is also activated by growth factors, but seems to be nutrient-insensitive. mTORC2 seems to function upstream of Rho GTPases to regulate the actin cytoskeleton, probably by activating one or more Rho-type guanine nucleotide exchange factors. mTORC2 promotes the serum-induced formation of stress-fibers or F-actin. mTOR is phosphorylated at Ser2448 via the PI3 kinase/Akt signaling pathway and autophosphorylated at Ser2481. mTOR plays a key role in cell growth and homeostasis and may be abnormally regulated in tumors.

Storage

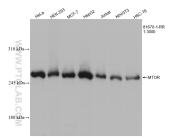
Store at -20°C. Stable for one year after shipment.

PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.3.

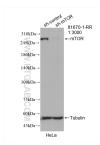
Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

*** 20ul sizes contain 0.1% BSA

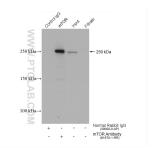
Selected Validation Data



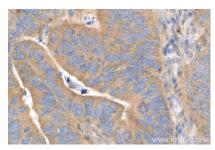
Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 81670-1-RR (mTOR antibody) at dilution of 1:3000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.



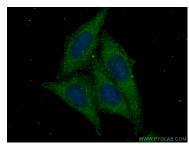
WB result of mTOR antibody (81670-1-RR; 1:3000; incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours) with sh-Control and sh-mTOR transfected HeLa cells.



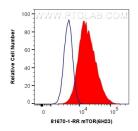
IP result of anti-mTOR(IP:81670-1-RR, 4ug; Detection:81670-1-RR 1:1000) with HeLa cells lysate 1760 ug.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded human colon cancer tissue slide using 81670-1-RR (mTOR antibody) at dilution of 1:200 (under 40x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0).



Immunofluorescent analysis of (-20°C Methanol) fixed HepG2 cells using mTOR antibody (81670-1-RR, Clone: 6H23) at dilution of 1:200 and CoraLite® 488-Conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG(H+L).



1X10^6 HeLa cells were intracellularly stained with 0.4 ug Anti-Human mTOR (81670-1-RR, Clone:6H23) and CoraLite®488-Conjugated AffiniPure Goat Anti-Rabbit I gG(H+L) at dilution 1:1000 (red), or 0.4 ug Isotype Control. Cells were fixed with 4% PFA and permeabilized with Flow Cytometry Perm Buffer (PF00011-C).