For Research Use Only

NRAS Recombinant monoclonal antibody, PBS Only

Catalog Number:83815-2-PBS



Basic Information

Catalog Number:

GenBank Accession Number:

Protein A purification

83815-2-PBS

GeneID (NCBI):

Purification Method:

BC005219

CloneNo.: 242810G11

100ug, Concentration: 1 mg/ml by Nanodrop:

UNIPROT ID: P01111

Rabbit

Full Name:

Isotype:

neuroblastoma RAS viral (v-ras)

IgG

oncogene homolog

Immunogen Catalog Number: AG1081

Calculated MW: 21 kDa

Observed MW:

21 kDa

Applications

Tested Applications:

WB, IHC, Indirect ELISA

Species Specificity: human, mouse, rat

Background Information

NRAS, also named as N-ras and NRAS1, is neuroblastoma RAS viral (v-ras) oncogene homolog from the mammalian ras gene family and it is a member of the small GTPase superfamily. RAS proteins are involved in signal transduction pathways, and bind GDP/GTP and possess intrinsic GTPase activity. It is mapped on chromosome 1, and it is activated in HL60, a promyelocytic leukemia line. Defects in NRAS are a cause of juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia (JMML). NRAS is one member of RAS gene family of oncoproteins, which is commonly mutated in melanoma and hematopoietic cancers via mapped on chromosome 1 (PMID: 2327491, PMID: 26990546). NRAS mediates activation of both mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK) and PI3K/AKT/MYC signaling (PMID: 17297468). NRAS induced classical MAPK signaling leads to cyclin D1 expression and cell cycle dysregulation and promotion of prosurvival pathways (PMID:7970723,PMID: 18246127). In addition, NRAS effectively prevents Glycogen Synthase Kinase3 (GSK3)-mediated phosphorylation of MYC via PI3K/AKT, which results in enhanced activity of endogenous MYC protein (PMID: 17297468). Mutational NRAS causes Ras-GTP to be in a state of continuous activation, which results in malignant proliferation and metastasis (PMID: 24985059).

Storage

Storage:

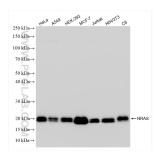
Store at -80°C.

Storage Buffer:

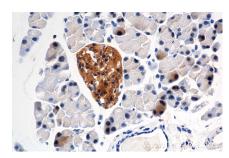
PBS only, pH7.3

in USA), or 1(312) 455-8498 (outside USA)

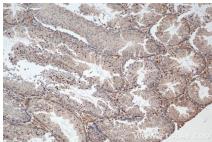
Selected Validation Data



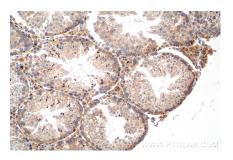
Various lysates were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with 83815-2-RR (NRAS antibody) at dilution of 1:10000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours. This data was developed using the same antibody clone with 83815-2-PBS in a different storage buffer formulation.



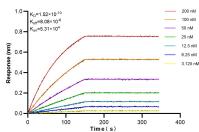
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded mouse pancreas tissue slide using 83815-2-RR (NRAS antibody) at dilution of 1:1000 (under 40x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0). This data was developed using the same antibody clone with 83815-2-PBS in a different storage buffer formulation.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded mouse testis tissue slide using 83815-2-RR (NRAS antibody) at dilution of 1:1000 (under 10x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0). This data was developed using the same antibody clone with 83815-2-PBS in a different storage buffer formulation.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffinembedded mouse testis tissue slide using 83815-2-RR (NRAS antibody) at dilution of 1:1000 (under 20x lens). Heat mediated antigen retrieval with Tris-EDTA buffer (pH 9.0). This data was developed using the same antibody clone with 83815-2-PBS in a different storage buffer formulation.



Biolayer interferometry (BLI) kinetic assays of 83815-2-RR against Human NRAS were performed. The affinity constant is 0.152 nM.