For Research Use Only

CoraLite® Plus 488-conjugated HLA-E Monoclonal antibody



Purification Method:

493 nm / 522 nm

Catalog Number: CL488-66530

Basic Information

Catalog Number: GenBank Accession Number:

CL488-66530 BC002578 Protein A purification GeneID (NCBI): CloneNo.:

100ul, Concentration: 1000 ug/ml by 3133 1A4G3 Nanodrop: **UNIPROT ID:** Recommended Dilutions:

P13747 WB 1:1000-1:4000 Mouse

Full Name: Excitation/Emission maxima Isotype: major histocompatibility complex, wavelengths:

IgG2a class I. E

Immunogen Catalog Number: Calculated MW:

40 kDa AG6724

> Observed MW: 40 kDa

Applications

Tested Applications:

Species Specificity:

Positive Controls:

WB: Raji cells,

Background Information

Human major histocompatibility complex (MHC) antigens, also referred to as human leukocyte antigens (HLA), are encoded by genes located on the short arm of chromosome 6 (6p21.3). There are two classes of HLA antigens: class I and class II. This class I molecules are membrane glycoproteins composed of a heavy (alpha) chain which is encoded by a HLA class I gene, and β2-microglobulin light (beta) chain. The most extensively characterized members of the HLA class I gene family are the genes encoding the major transplantation antigenes, HLA-A, B and C. HLA-E is a non-classical MHC class I molecule. HLA-E is frequently overexpressed in tumor diseases, transplants and virus-infected cells and represents an immunomodulatory molecule by binding to the receptors CD94/NKG2A, -B and -C on NK and T cells. Due to its immune suppressive features HLA-E expression might represent an important mechanism of tumors to escape immune surveillance.(PMID: 667938; 3375250; 2249951; 27589686)

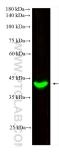
Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid exposure to light. Stable for one year after shipment.

PBS with 50% Glycerol, 0.05% Proclin300, 0.5% BSA, pH 7.3.

Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

Selected Validation Data



Raji cells were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with CL488-66530 (HLA-E antibody) at dilution of 1:2000 incubated at room temperature for 1.5 hours.