For Research Use Only

CoraLite®555-conjugated PPAR Gamma Monoclonal antibody

www.ptglab.com

Catalog Number: CL555-60127

Featured Product

Basic Information

Catalog Number: GenBank Accession Number:

CL555-60127 BC006811

GeneID (NCBI): 100ul, Concentration: 1000 ug/ml by 5468

Nanodrop: **UNIPROT ID:**

P37231 Mouse Full Name:

Isotype peroxisome proliferator-activated

lgG1 receptor gamma

Immunogen Catalog Number: Calculated MW:

AG10005 58 kDa

> Observed MW: 50-60 kDa

Applications

Tested Applications:

Species Specificity:

Purification Method:

Protein G purification

CloneNo.:

4E12F10

Recommended Dilutions:

IF-P 1:50-1:500

Excitation/Emission maxima wavelengths:

557 nm / 570nm

Positive Controls:

IF-P: human colon tissue,

Background Information

Peroxisome Proliferator-Activated Receptors (PPARs) are ligand-activated intracellular transcription factors, members of the nuclear hormone receptor superfamily (NR), that includes estrogen, thyroid hormone receptors, retinoic acid, Vitamin D3 as well as retinoid X receptors (RXRs). The PPAR subfamily consists of three subtypes encoded by distinct genes denoted PPARa (NR1C1), PPARβ/δ (NR1C2) and PPARγ (NR1C3), which are activated by selective ligands. PPARy, also named as PPARG, contains one nuclear receptor DNA-binding domain and is a receptor that binds peroxisome proliferators such as hypolipidemic drugs and fatty acids. It plays an important role in the regulation of lipid homeostasis, adipogenesis, INS resistance, and development of various organs. Defects in PPARG are the cause of familial partial lipodystrophy type 3 (FPLD3) and may be associated with susceptibility to obesity. Defects in PPARG can lead to type 2 INS-resistant diabetes and hypertension. PPARG mutations may be associated with colon cancer. Genetic variations in PPARG are associated with susceptibility to glioma type 1 (GLM1). PPARG has two isoforms with molecular weight 57 kDa and 54 kDa (PMID: 9831621), but modified PPARG is about 67 KDa (PMID: 16809887). PPARG2 is a splice variant and has an additional 30 amino acids at the N-terminus (PMID: 15689403). Experimental data indicate that a 45 kDa protein displaying three different sequences immunologically related to the nuclear receptor PPARG2 is located in mitochondria (mt-PPAR). However, the molecular weight of this protein is clearly less when compared to that of PPARG2 (57 kDa). (PMID: 10922459). PPARG has been reported to be localized mainly (but not always) in the nucleus. PPARG can also be detected in the cytoplasm and was reported to possess extra-nuclear/non-genomic actions (PMID: 17611413; 19432669; 14681322).

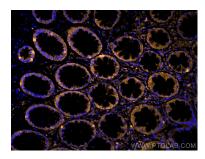
Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid exposure to light. Stable for one year after shipment.

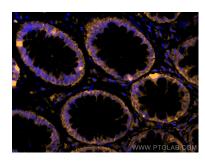
PBS with 50% Glycerol, 0.05% Proclin300, 0.5% BSA, pH 7.3.

Aliquoting is unnecessary for -20°C storage

Selected Validation Data



Immunofluorescent analysis of (4% PFA) fixed human colon tissue using Coralite® 555 PPAR Gamma antibody (CL555-60127, Clone: 4E12F10) at dilution of 1:200.



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