For Research Use Only

CoraLite® Plus 555 Anti-Human CD3 (UCHT1)

Catalog Number: CL555-65151



Basic Information

Catalog Number:

CL555-65151

100 tests , 5 μ l/test

Source: Mouse

Isotype: IgG1, kappa GenBank Accession Number:

BC049847 GeneID (NCBI):

916

ENSEMBL Gene ID: ENSG00000198851

UNIPROT ID: P07766

Full Name:

CD3e molecule, epsilon (CD3-TCR

complex) Calculated MW: 207 aa, 23 kDa

Purification Method:

Affinity purification

CloneNo.: UCHT1

Excitation/Emission maxima

wavelengths: 554 nm / 570 nm

Applications

Tested Applications:

IF/ICC, FC

Species Specificity:

human

Background Information

CD3 is a multimeric protein associated with the T-cell receptor (TCR) to form a complex involved in antigen recognition and signal transduction (PMID: 15885124). CD3 is composed of CD3 γ , δ , ϵ , and ζ chains (PMID: 1826255). It is expressed by thymocytes in a developmentally regulated manner, T cells, and some NK cells (PMID: 3289580). The TCR recognizes antigens bound to major histocompatibility complex (MHC) molecules. TCR-mediated peptide-MHC recognition is transmitted to the CD3 complex, leading to the intracellular signal transduction (PMID: 11985657).

Storage

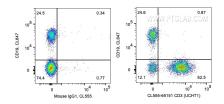
Storage:

Store at 2-8°C. Avoid exposure to light. Stable for one year after shipment.

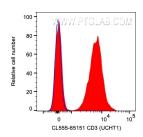
Storage Buffer

PBS with 0.09% sodium azide and 0.5% BSA.

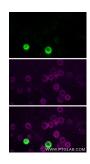
Selected Validation Data



1X10^6 human PBMCs were surface co-stained with CL647 Anti-Human CD19 and 5 ul Coralite® Plus 555 Anti-Human CD3 (CL555-65151, Clone:UCHT1) or Mouse IgG1 Isotype Control. Cells were not fixed. Lymphocytes were gated.



1X10^6 human PBMCs were surface stained with 5 ul CoraLite® Plus 555 Anti-Human CD3 (CL555-65151, Clone:UCHT1) (red) or Mouse IgG1 Isotype Control. Cells were not fixed. Lymphocytes were gated.



Live human PBMCs were gravity-sedimented and immunostained with anti-CD16 recombinant VHH, FITC Plus (FITC-CD16, green) and anti-CD3 IgG-CL555 (CL555-65151, magenta). Images were acquired with a 20x objective and post-processed. Dead cells (autofluorescent in all channels including UV and far-red) we subtracted from all channels with ImageJ.