Human CD147 Sandwich ELISA Kit Datasheet

Please read it entirely before use

Catalogue Number: KE00340

Size: 96T

Sensitivity: 2.6 pg/mL

Range: 31.25-2000 pg/mL

Usage: For the quantitative detection of human CD147 concentrations in serum, plasma, cell culture supernatant, urine, saliva and human milk.

This product is for research use only and not for use in human or animal therapeutic or diagnostic.

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Table of content page

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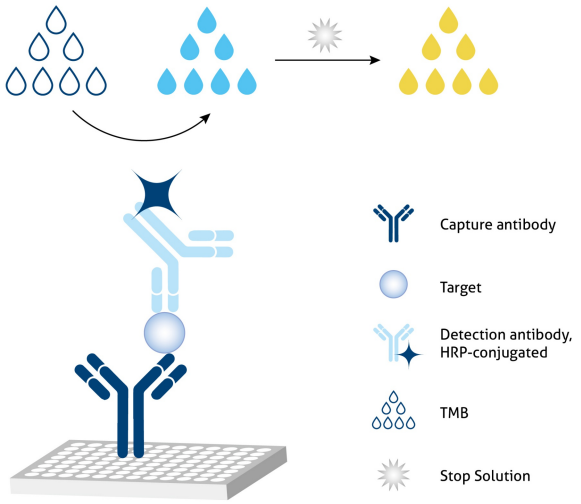
1. Background

CD147, also called Basigin (BSG) or EMMPRIN, is a transmembrane glycoprotein that belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily and is important in numerous physiological and pathological phenomena. It is involved in reproduction, neural function, inflammation and tumor invasion. CD147 is broadly distributed, and expressed at particularly high levels at the retinal pigment epithelium and neonatal blood-brain barrier, on tumour cells and on activated T cells. CD147 can stimulate adjacent fibroblasts to produce matrix metalloproteinases (MMPS). It has been considered as an objective and effective marker to predict invasion and prognosis in various cancers. Soluble CD147 (sCD147) has been uncovered in addition to membrane-bound CD147. sCD147 production is mediated by two different mechanisms: microvesicular secretion and proteolytic cleavage. The presence of sCD147 in body fluids is associated with several diseases such as systemic sclerosis, hepatocellular carcinoma, ankylosing spondylitis and coronary diseases.

2. Principle



Sandwich ELISA structure (Detection antibody labeled with HRP)

A capture antibody is pre-coated onto the bottom of wells which binds to analyte of interest. A detection antibody labeled with HRP also binds to the analyte. TMB acts as the HRP substrate and the solution color will change from colorless to blue. A stop solution containing sulfuric acid turns solution yellow. The color intensity is proportional to the quantity of bound protein which is measurable at 450 nm with the correction wavelength set at 630 nm.

3. Required Materials

3.1 A microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm with the correction wavelength set at 630 nm.

3.2 Calibrated, adjustable precision pipettes and disposable plastic tips. A manifold multi-channel pipette is recommended for large assays.

3.3 Plate washer: automated or manual.

3.4 Absorbent paper towels.

3.5 Glass or plastic tubes to prepare standard and sample dilutions.

3.6 Beakers and graduated cylinders.

3.7 Log-log or semi-log graph paper or computer and software for ELISA data analysis. A four-parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit is recommended.

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4. Kit Components and Storage

Microplate - antibody coated 96-well microplate (8 well × 12 strips)	1 plate	**Unopened Kit:** Store at 2-8°C for 6 months or -20°C for 12 months. **Opened Kit:** All reagents stored at 2-8°C for 7 days. **Please use a new standard for each assay.**
Protein standard - 4000 pg/bottle; lyophilized	2 bottles	
Detection antibody, HRP-conjugated (100×) - 120 µL/vial*	1 vial	
Sample Diluent PT 1-ef - 30 mL/bottle. For human serum, plasma, urine and saliva.	1 bottle	
Sample Diluent PT 4 - 30 mL/bottle. For cell culture supernatant.	1 bottle	
Sample Diluent PT 4B1 - 30 mL/bottle. For human milk.	1 bottle	
Detection Diluent - 30 mL/bottle	1 bottle	
Wash Buffer Concentrate (20×) - 30 mL/bottle	1 bottle	
Tetramethylbenzidine Substrate (TMB) - 12 mL/bottle	1 bottle	
Stop Solution - 12 mL/bottle	1 bottle	
Plate Cover Seals	4 pieces	

* Centrifugation immediately before use

5. Safety Notes

5.1 Avoid any skin and eye contact with Stop Solution and TMB. In case of contact, wash thoroughly with water.

5.2 Do not use the kit after the expiration date.

5.3 Do not mix or substitute reagents or materials from other kit lots or other sources.

5.4 Be sure to wear protective equipment such as gloves, masks and goggles during the experiment.

5.5 When using an automated plate washer, adding a 30 second soak period following the addition of Wash Buffer to improve assay precision

6. Sample Collection and Storage

6.1 Serum: Allow blood samples to clot for 30 minutes, followed by centrifugation for 15 minutes at 1000xg. Clear serum can be assayed immediately or aliquoted and stored at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

6.2 Plasma: Use EDTA, heparin, or citrate as an anticoagulant for plasma collection. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000xg within 30 minutes of collection. The plasma can be assayed immediately or aliquoted and stored at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

6.3 Cell Culture Supernatant: Remove particulates by centrifugation for 5 minutes at 500xg and assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

6.4 Urine: Collect urine samples and centrifuge for 20 minutes at 1000xg. Collect the aqueous layer, assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

6.5 Saliva: Collect saliva samples and centrifuge for 5 minutes at 10,000xg. Collect the aqueous layer, assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

6.6 Human Milk: Collect milk samples and Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000xg at 2-8°C. Collect the aqueous fraction and repeat this process a total of 3 times. Assay immediately.

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7. Regent Preparation

7.1 Wash Buffer (1X): If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Add 30 mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate(20X) to 570 mL deionized or distilled water to prepare 1X Wash Buffer.

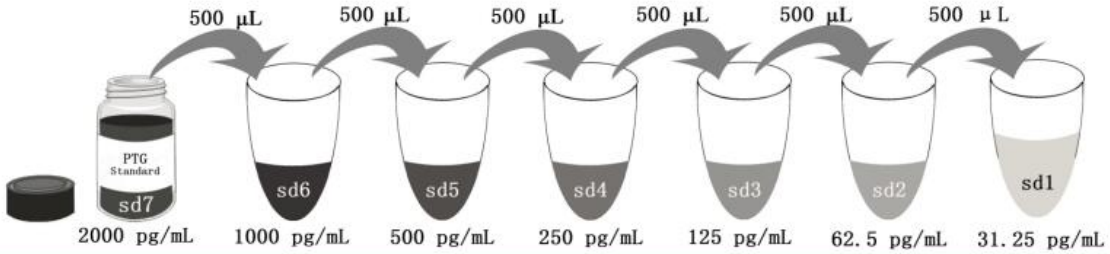
7.2 Detection Antibody, HRP-conjugated(1X): Dilute 100X Detection Antibody, HRP-conjugated 1:100 using Detection Diluent prior to assay. Suggested 1:100 dilution: 10 µL 100X Detection Antibody, HRP-conjugated + 990 µL Detection Diluent (Centrifuge the 100X Detection Antibody solution, HRP-conjugated for a few seconds prior to use)

7.3 Sample Dilution: Different samples should be diluted with corresponding Sample Diluent, samples may require further dilution if the readout values are higher than the highest standard OD reading. Variations in sample collection, processing and storage may affect the results of the measurement.

Recommended Dilution for different sample types: 1:4 or 1:8 is recommended for human serum and plasma; 1:2 is recommended for cell culture supernatant; 1:5 or 1:10 is recommended for urine; 1:2 or 1:4 is recommended for saliva; 1:4 or 1:8 is recommended for human milk.

7.4 Standard Serial Dilution:

For human serum, plasma, urine and saliva, add 2mL Sample Diluent PT 1-ef in protein standard. For cell culture supernatant, add 2mL Sample Diluent PT 4 in protein standard. For human milk, add 2mL Sample Diluent PT 4B1 in protein standard.



Add # µL of Standard diluted in the previous step	—	500 µL	500 µL	500 µL	500 µL	500 µL	500 µL
# µL of Sample Diluent PT 1-ef or PT 4 or PT 4B1	**2000 µL**	500 µL	500 µL	500 µL	500 µL	500 µL	500 µL
	"sd7"	"sd6"	"sd5"	"sd4"	"sd3"	"sd2"	"sd1"

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8. Assay Procedure Summary

Bring all reagents to room temperature before use (Detection antibody, HRP-conjugated can be used immediately). To avoid cross-contamination, change pipette tips between additions of each standard level, between sample additions, and between reagent additions. Also, use separate reservoirs for each reagent.

8.1 Take out the required number of microplate strips and return excess strips to the foil pouch containing the drying reagent pack and reseal; store at 4°C immediately. Microplate strips should be used in one week.

8.2 Preset the layout of the microplate, including control group,standard group and sample group, add 100 µL of each standard and sample to the appropriate wells.(Make sure sample addition is uninterrupted and completed within 5 to 10 minutes, It is recommended to assay all standards, controls, and samples in duplicate).

8.3 Seal plate with cover seal, pressing it firmly onto top of microwells. Incubate the plate for 2 hours at 37°C.

8.4 Wash

1) Gently remove the cover seal. Discard the liquid from wells by aspirating or decanting. Remove any residual solution by tapping the plate a few times on fresh paper towels.

2) Wash 4 times with 1X Wash Buffer, using at least 350-400 µL per well. Following the last wash, firmly tap plates on fresh towels 10 times to remove residual Wash Buffer. Avoid getting any towel fibers in the wells or wells drying out completely.

8.5 Add 100 µL of 1X Detection antibody, HRP-conjugated solution (refer to Reagent Preparation7.2) to each well. Seal plate with cover seal and incubate for 40 minutes at 37°C.

8.6 Repeat wash step in 8.4.

8.7 Signal development: Add 100 µL of TMB substrate solution to each well, protected from light. Incubate for 15 to 20 minutes. Substrate Solution should remain colorless until added to the plate.

8.8 Quenching color development: Add 100 µL of Stop Solution to each well in the same order as addition of the TMB substrate. Mix by tapping the side of the plate gently. NB: Avoid skin and eye contact with the Stop solution.

8.9 Read results: Immediately after adding Stop solution read the absorbance on a microplate reader at a wavelength of 450 nm. If possible, perform a double wavelength readout (450 nm and 630 nm).

8.10 Data analysis: Calculate the average of the duplicate readings (OD value) for each standard and sample, and subtract the average of the zero standard absorbance. Construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis, use four-parameter logistic curve- fit (4-PL) analysis to do this. If the samples have been diluted, the OD readout from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor used.

Step	Reagent	Volume	Incubation	Wash	Notes
1	Standard and Samples	100 µL	120 min	4 times	Cover Wells incubate at 37°C
2	Diluent Detection antibody, HRP-conjugated Solution	100 µL	40 min	4 times	Cover Wells incubate at 37°C
3	TMB Substrate	100 µL	15-20 min	Do not wash	Incubate in the dark at 37°C
4	Stop Solution	100 µL	0 min	Do not wash	-
5	Read plate at 450 nm and 630 nm immediately after adding Stop solution. DO NOT exceed 5 minutes.				

9. Validation Data

9.1 Standard curve

These standard curves are provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples

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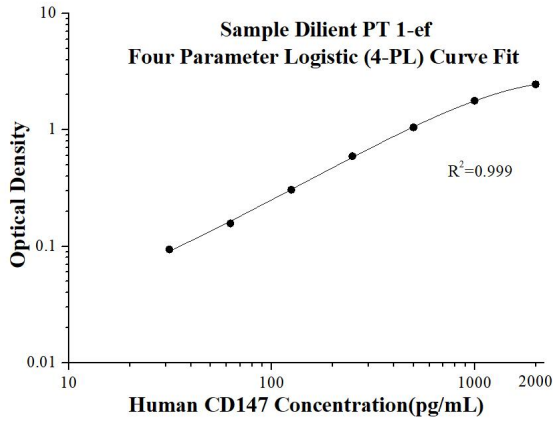
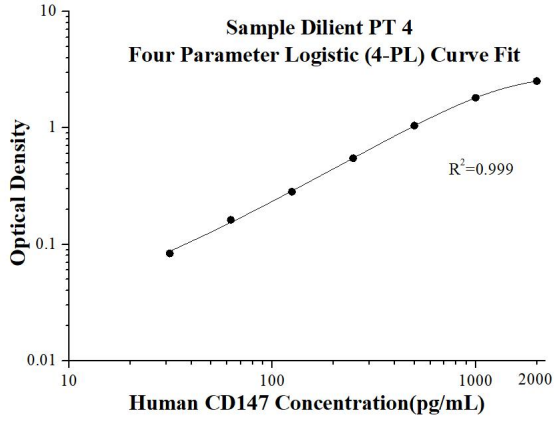
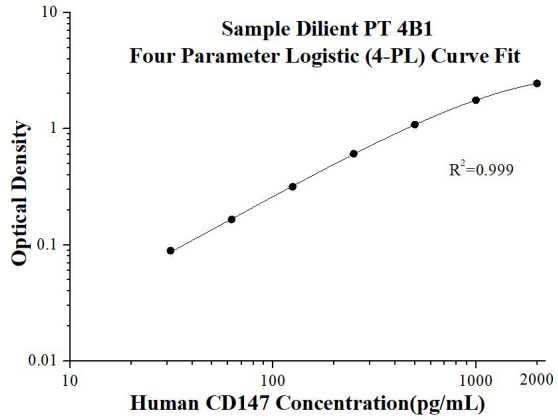


(pg/mL)	O.D	Average	Corrected
0	0.0898 0.0898	0.0898	-
31.25	0.1844 0.1829	0.18365	0.09385
62.5	0.2348 0.2589	0.24685	0.15705
125	0.3782 0.4123	0.39525	0.30545
250	0.6761 0.6915	0.6838	0.594
500	1.1676 1.1141	1.14085	1.05105
1000	1.8674 1.8688	1.8681	1.7783
2000	2.5261 2.5831	2.5546	2.4648



(pg/mL)	O.D	Average	Corrected
0	0.0883 0.0861	0.0872	-
31.25	0.1723 0.169	0.17065	0.08345
62.5	0.2501 0.2482	0.24915	0.16195
125	0.3762 0.3641	0.37015	0.28295
250	0.6345 0.6358	0.63515	0.54795
500	1.1459 1.1183	1.1321	1.0449
1000	1.879 1.9194	1.8992	1.812
2000	2.582 2.6289	2.60545	2.51825



(pg/mL)	O.D	Average	Corrected
0	0.0901 0.0846	0.08735	-
31.25	0.1709 0.182	0.17645	0.0891
62.5	0.2488 0.2563	0.025255	0.1652
125	0.4053 0.4035	0.4044	0.31705
250	0.6969 0.694	0.69545	0.6081
500	1.1752 1.1674	1.1713	1.08395
1000	1.8358 1.8633	1.84955	1.7622
2000	2.592 2.5621	2.54555	2.4582

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9.2 Precision

Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay) Three samples of known concentration were tested 20 times on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays) Three samples of known concentration were tested in 24 separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

Intra-assay Precision				
Sample	n	Mean (pg/mL)	SD	CV%
1	20	1,022.6	61.6	6.0
2	20	223.5	6.9	3.1
3	20	59.1	2.3	3.8

Inter-assay Precision				
Sample	n	Mean (pg/mL)	SD	CV%
1	24	1,060.9	67.6	6.4
2	24	239.5	13.6	5.7
3	24	70.1	5.2	7.5

9.3 Recovery

The recovery of human CD147 spiked to three different levels throughout the range of the assay in various matrices was evaluated.

Sample Type		Average% of Expected	Range (%)
Human serum	1:16	103	98-111
	1:32	99	88-117
Cell culture supernatant	1:4	99	87-111
	1:8	102	89-113
Urine	1:20	111	100-119
	1:40	101	73-119
Saliva	1:8	90	75-100
	1:16	88	76-112
Human milk	1:16	101	94-110
	1:32	110	100-123

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9.4 Sample values

Human serum/Urine/Saliva/Human milk - human serum, urine, saliva and human milk samples were evaluated for the presence of human CD147 in this assay.

Sample Type	Mean (pg/mL)	Range (pg/mL)
Human serum (n=16)	1,774.5	612.0-3,659.9
Urine (n=8)	17,778.5	6,278.0-33,099.7
Saliva (n=8)	1,600.8	912.3-2,588.1
Human milk (n=6)	11,347.5	6,871.3-19,976.8

Cell culture supernatant - human peripheral blood mononuclear cells (1 x 10^6 cells/mL) were cultured in DMEM supplemented 10% fetal bovine serum, 50 µM β-mercaptoethanol, 2 mM L-glutamine, 100 U/mL penicillin and 100 µg/mL streptomycin sulfate. Cells were stimulated with 10 µg/mL PHA. Aliquots were removed on days 5 and assayed for levels of human CD147.

Condition	Day 5 (pg/mL)
Unstimulated	102.9
Stimulated	566.4

MCF-7 human breast cancer cells were cultured in DMEM supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum and 2 mM L-glutamine. An aliquot of the cell culture supernatant was removed, assayed for human CD147, and measured 99.2 pg/mL.

9.5 Sensitivity

The minimum detectable dose of human CD147 is 2.3 pg/mL. This was determined by adding two standard deviations to the concentration corresponding to the mean O.D. of 20 zero standard replicates.

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9.6 Linearity

To assess the linearity of the assay, samples were diluted with the appropriate **Sample Diluent** to produce samples with values within the dynamic range of the assay.

(The human serum was initially diluted 1:2. The urine was initially diluted 1:2.5. The human milk was initially diluted 1:2.)

		Human serum (Sample Diluent PT 1-ef)	Cell culture supernatant (Sample Diluent PT 4)	Urine (Sample Diluent PT 1-ef)	Saliva (Sample Diluent PT 1-ef)	Human milk (Sample Diluent PT 4B1)
1:2	Average% of Expected	100	100	100	100	100
	Range (%)	-	-	-	-	-
1:4	Average% of Expected	95	115	117	106	103
	Range (%)	89-100	107-123	112-121	96-116	98-110
1:8	Average% of Expected	103	94	102	89	88
	Range (%)	86-114	88-101	101-104	87-92	85-90
1:16	Average% of Expected	82	-	75	115	74
	Range (%)	70-90	-	72-78	110-119	72-75

9.7 Specificity

This assay recognizes natural and recombinant human CD147.

The following factors prepared at 50 ng/mL were assayed and exhibited no cross-reactivity or interference.

Recombinant human:

CD44

EGFR

VEGF

uPA

MMP-9

MMP-3

MMP-2

MMP-1

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10. References

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