

# IHCeasy<sup>®</sup> PPARG Ready-To-Use IHC Kit

Catalog Number: **KHC0249**

## General Information

<b>Sample type:</b> FFPE tissue	<b>Assay type:</b> Immunohistochemistry
<b>Cited sample type:</b>	<b>Primary antibody type:</b> Rabbit Polyclonal
<b>Reactivity:</b> Human, Rat	<b>Secondary antibody type:</b> Polymer-HRP-Goat anti-Rabbit
<b>Cited Reactivity:</b>	

## Kit Component

Component	Size	Concentration
Antigen Retrieval Buffer	100 mL	50×
Washing Buffer	100 mL ×2	20×
Blocking Buffer	5 mL	RTU
Primary Antibody	5 mL	RTU
Secondary Antibody	5 mL	RTU
Chromogen Component A	0.2 mL	RTU
Chromogen Component B	4 mL	RTU
Signal Enhancer	5 mL	RTU
Counter Staining Reagent	5 mL	RTU
Mounting Media	5 mL	RTU
Control Slide	1 slide (Optional)	FFPE
Datasheet	1 Copy	
Manual	1 Copy	

## Storage Instructions

All the reagents are stored at 2-8°C. The kit is stable for 6 months from the date of receipt.

## Background

Peroxisome Proliferator-Activated Receptors (PPARs) are ligand-activated intracellular transcription factors, members of the nuclear hormone receptor superfamily (NR), that includes estrogen, thyroid hormone receptors, retinoic acid, Vitamin D3 as well as retinoid X receptors (RXRs). The PPAR subfamily consists of three subtypes encoded by distinct genes denoted PPARα (NR1C1), PPARβ/δ (NR1C2) and PPARγ (NR1C3), which are activated by selective ligands. PPARγ, also named as PPARG, contains one nuclear receptor DNA-binding domain and is a receptor that binds peroxisome proliferators such as hypolipidemic drugs and fatty acids. It plays an important role in the regulation of lipid homeostasis, adipogenesis, INS resistance, and development of various organs. Defects in PPARG are the cause of familial partial lipodystrophy type 3 (FPLD3) and may be associated with susceptibility to obesity. Defects in PPARG can lead to type 2 INS-resistant diabetes and hypertension. PPARG mutations may be associated with colon cancer. Genetic variations in PPARG are associated with susceptibility to glioma type 1 (GLM1). PPARG has been reported to be localized mainly (but not always) in the nucleus. PPARG can also be detected in the cytoplasm and was reported to possess extra-nuclear/non-genomic actions.

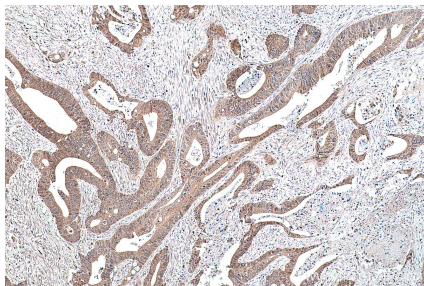
## Synonyms

CIMT1, NR1C3, PPAR gamma, PPARG, PPARG1, PPARG2, PPARGgamma, PPARγ

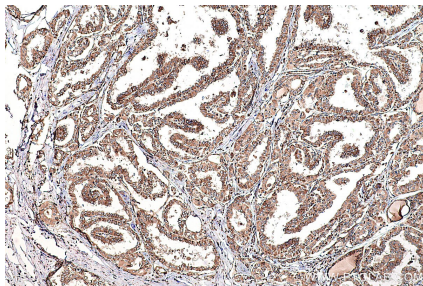
For technical support and original validation data for this product please contact:  
T: 1 (888) 4PTGLAB (1-888-478-4522) (toll free in USA), or 1(312) 455-8498 (outside USA)  
E: [proteintech@ptglab.com](mailto:proteintech@ptglab.com)  
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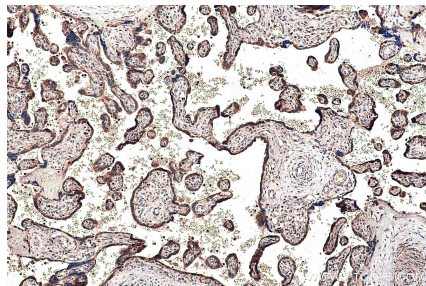
## Selected Validation Data



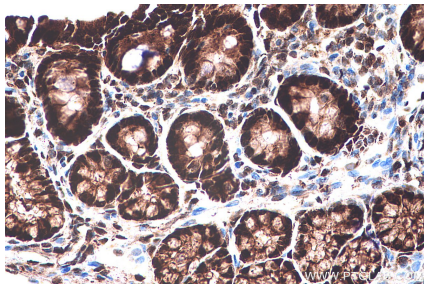
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon cancer tissue slide using KHC0249 (PPARG IHC Kit).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human thyroid cancer tissue slide using KHC0249 (PPARG IHC Kit).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human placenta tissue slide using KHC0249 (PPARG IHC Kit).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat colon tissue slide using KHC0249 (PPARG IHC Kit).