

Product Code: s3tmak

Product Information

Description: The ChromoTek SUMO3-Trap Magnetic Agarose, Kit for Immunoprecipitation consists of an anti-SUMO3 NANOBODY®/VHH, which is coupled to magnetic agarose beads. It also contains lysis, wash, and elution buffers that can be used for the immunoprecipitation of SUMO3 and SUMO2 proteins from cell extracts of various organisms.

Applications: IP, Co-IP

Specificity/Target: Binds specifically to human SUMO2 and SUMO3 (Small Ubiquitin-like Modifier 2 and 3). The ChromoTek SUMO3-Trap Agarose will immunoprecipitate both monovalent SUMO2/3 and chains formed by the process of SUMOylation. In addition to human SUMO2 und SUMO3, it will also bind to homologs from other mammals.

Binding capacity: 25 μg SUMO3 fusion protein (40 kDa) per 25 μl bead slurry

Bead Size: 40 µm (cross-linked 6 % magnetic agarose beads)

Elution Buffer: 2x SDS-sample buffer (Lämmli), 200 mM glycine pH 2.5

Type: Nanobody

Class: Recombinant

Host: Camelid

Shipment: Shipped at ambient temperature

Storage Buffer: 20 % ethanol

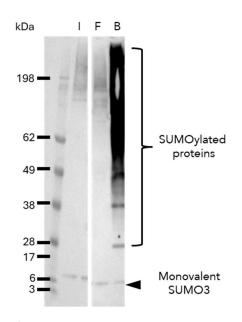
Storage Condition: Upon receipt store at +4°C. Do not freeze!

Stability: Stable for 1 year upon receipt



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Selected Validation Data



The SUMO3-Trap Magnetic Agarose (s3tma) was used to immunoprecipitate endogenous SUMO3ylated and SUMO2ylated proteins from a human cell line. Samples of the input lysate (I), non-bound flow-through (F) and bound (B) fraction were analyzed using Western blot. SUMO2/3ylated proteins are highly enriched using the SUMO3-Trap. Data kindly provided by Prof. Alfred Vertegaal, Leiden University, The Netherlands.

Kit Components

Component	Composition	Quantity	
SUMO3-Trap Magnetic	Anti-SUMO3 VHH cross-linked with	20 rxns (500 ul slurry)	
Agarose	magnetic agarose beads	20 TXTIS (300 ut sturry)	
	10 mM Tris/Cl pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 0.5		
Lysis Buffer	mM EDTA, 0.5 % Nonidet™ P40 30 mL		
	Substitute, 0.09 % sodium azide		
RIPA Buffer	10 mM Tris/Cl pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 0.5	·	
	mM EDTA, 0.1 % SDS, 1 % Triton™ X-		
	100, 1 % Deoxycholate, 0.09 % sodium		
	azide		
Dilution Buffer	10 mM Tris/Cl pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 0.5	50 mL (after dilution with 40 mL	
Dilution Buπer	mM EDTA, 0.018 % sodium azide	water)	
Wash Buffer	10 mM Tris/Cl pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl,	FO and /often dilution with 40 and	
	0.05 % Nonidet™ P40 Substitute, 0.5	50 mL (after dilution with 40 mL	
	mM EDTA, 0.018 % sodium azide	water)	
Acidic elution buffer	200 mM glycine pH 2.5	3 x 1 mL	

Note: Use your equivalent cell lysis buffer for other cell types like yeast, plants, insects, bacteria. Consider using a Wash buffer without detergent for Co-IP.



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Required Buffer Solutions

Buffer	Composition
	120 mM Tris/Cl pH 6.8, 20% glycerol, 4% SDS,
2x SDS-sample buffer	0.04% bromophenol blue, 10% β-
	mercaptoethanol
Neutralization buffer	1M Tris pH 10.4 (adjust the pH at +4°C

Product Sizes

Product	Product Code	Size	
SUMO3-Trap Magnetic Agarose,	s3tmak-20	20 reactions including buffers	
Kit for Immunoprecipitation		20 reactions including buriers	



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Protocol at a glance

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General	 Perform all steps at 4°C Use your preferred cell lysis buffer and cell lysis conditions
Cell Lysis	 Use 10⁶-10⁷ cells and 200 μL Lysis buffer. Perform cell lysis and clear lysate Mix 200 μl cleared lysate with 300 μL dilution buffer.
Bead Equilibration	 Transfer 25 µL bead slurry into a 1.5 mL tube Equilibrate beads 3x with 500 µL dilution buffer
Protein binding	 Add 500 µL diluted lysate to beads Rotate end-over-end for 1 hour at 4°C.
Washing	 Wash beads 3x with 500 µL wash buffer Transfer beads to a new tube during the last washing step

Elution with SDS-sample buffer



- Resuspend beads in 80 µL 2x SDSsample buffer
- Boil beads for 5 min at 95°C
- Analyze the supernatant in SDS-PAGE/ Western Blot



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Immunoprecipitation Protocol

Cell Material

The following protocol describes the preparation of a mammalian cell lysate.

For other type of cells, we recommend using 500 μ g of cell extract and start the protocol with step Bead equilibration.

Note: Precipitation of SUMOylated proteins may be facilitated by treating cells with proteasome inhibitors or other stressors prior to harvesting. Commonly used stressors are MG-132 (also known as MG132), arsenic trioxide or interferon α , for example. Exact conditions must be optimized for each cell type etc.

Mammalian Cell Lysis

Note: Harvesting of cells and cell lysis should be performed with ice-cold buffers. We strongly recommend adding protease inhibitors to the Lysis buffer to prevent degradation of your target protein and its binding partners.

Note: If necessary, SUMO proteases may be inhibited by the addition of inhibitors such as PR-619, and either iodoacetamide (IAA) or N-ethylmaleimide (NEM). Concentrations may need to be optimized for each cell type, growth conditions etc.

For one immunoprecipitation reaction, we recommend using $\sim 10^6$ - 10^7 cells.

- 1. Choice of lysis buffer:
- a. For cytoplasmic proteins, resuspend the cell pellet in 200 μ L ice-cold Lysis buffer by pipetting up and down. Supplement Lysis buffer with protease inhibitor cocktail and 1 mM PMSF (not included).
- b. For nuclear/chromatin proteins, resuspend cell pellet in 200 μ L ice-cold RIPA buffer supplemented with DNase I (f.c. 75-150 Kunitz U/mL), MgCl₂ (f.c. 2.5 mM), protease inhibitor cocktail and PMSF (f.c. 1 mM) (not included).
- 2. Place the tube on ice for 30 min and extensively pipette the suspension every 10 min.
- 3. Centrifuge cell lysate at 17,000x g for 10 min at $+4^{\circ}$ C. Transfer cleared lysate (supernatant) to a pre-cooled tube and add 300 μ L Dilution buffer supplemented with 1 mM PMSF and protease inhibitor cocktail (not included). If required, save 50 μ L of diluted lysate for further analysis (input fraction).

Bead Equilibration

- 1. Resuspend the beads by gently pipetting them up and down or by inverting the tube. Do not vortex the beads!
- 2. Transfer 25 µL of bead slurry into a 1.5 mL reaction tube.
- 3. Add 500 µL ice-cold Dilution buffer.



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Separate the beads with a magnet until the supernatant is clear. Discard the supernatant.

Protein Binding

- 1. Add diluted lysate to the equilibrated beads.
- 2. Rotate end-over-end for 1 hour at +4°C.

Washing

- 1. Separate the beads with a magnet until the supernatant is clear.
- 2. If required, save 50 µL of supernatant for further analysis (flow-through/non-bound fraction).
- 3. Discard remaining supernatant.
- 4. Resuspend beads in 500 μL Wash buffer.
- 5. Separate the beads with a magnet until the supernatant is clear. Discard the remaining supernatant.
- 6. Repeat this step at least twice.
- 7. During the last washing step, transfer the beads to a new tube.

Optional: To increase stringency of the Wash buffer, test various salt concentrations e.g. 150-500 mM, and/or add a non-ionic detergent e.g. Triton™ X-100 (see Wash buffer compatibility information for maximal concentrations).

Elution with 2x SDS-sample buffer (Laemmli)

- 1. Remove the remaining supernatant.
- 2. Resuspend beads in 80 µL 2x SDS-sample buffer.
- 3. Boil beads for 5 min at +95°C to dissociate immunocomplexes from beads.
- 4. Separate the beads with a magnet.
- 5. Analyze the supernatant in SDS-PAGE / Western Blot.

Elution with Acidic Elution Buffer

- 1. Remove the remaining supernatant.
- 2. Add 50-100 μ L Acidic elution buffer and constantly pipette up and down for 30-60 sec at +4°C or room temperature.
- 3. Separate the beads with a magnet until the supernatant is clear.
- 4. Transfer the supernatant to a new tube.
- 5. Immediately neutralize the eluate fraction with 5-10 μ L Neutralization buffer.
- 6. Repeat this step at least once to increase elution efficiency.

Note: Elution at room temperature is more efficient than elution at +4°C. Prewarm buffers for elution at room temperature.



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Related Products

Product	Code
SUMO3-Trap Agarose	s3ta
SUMO3-Trap Agarose, Kit for Immunoprecipitation	s3tak
SUMO3-Trap Magnetic Agarose	s3tma

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