

Product Code: uta

### **Product Information**

**Description:** The ChromoTek Ubiquitin-Trap Agarose consists of an anti-Ubiquitin Nanobody/VHH, which is coupled to agarose beads. It can be used for the immunoprecipitation of ubiquitin and ubiquitinylated proteins from the cell extracts of various species including human, mouse, hamster, dog, yeast, and plants.

Applications: IP, Co-IP

**Specificity/Target:** Binds to monomeric ubiquitin, ubiquitin chains, and ubiquitinylated proteins. Ubiquitin chains may be linked via lysines; linkages via lysines such as K11, K48 and K63 are compatible with binding by the Ubiquitin-Trap (further linkage types also likely to be compatible, but not tested).

Bead Size: 90 µm (cross-linked 4 % agarose beads)

**Elution Buffer:** 2x SDS-sample buffer (Lämmli)

Wash Buffer Compatibility: 2M NaCl, 5 mM DTT, 0 mM β-mercaptoethanol, 5 mM TCEP, 2% NP40, 2%

Triton X-100, 0% SDS, 2-3 M Urea

**Type:** Nanobody

Class: Recombinant

Host: Camelid

**Shipment:** Shipped at ambient temperature

Storage Buffer: 20 % ethanol

**Storage Condition:** Upon receipt store at +4°C. Do not freeze!

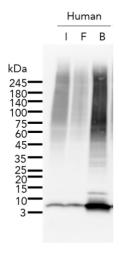
**Stability:** Stable for 1 year upon receipt



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### **Selected Validation Data**



Immunoprecipitation of Ubiquitin from HEK293T cell extracts (treated with MG-132) using Ubiquitin-Trap Agarose beads.

### **Suggested Buffer Compositions for IP**

Buffer	Composition	
Lysis Buffer	10 mM Tris/Cl pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 0.5 mM EDTA, 0.5 %	
	Nonidet™ P40 Substitute (adjust the pH at +4°C)	
RIPA Buffer	10 mM Tris/Cl pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 0.5 mM EDTA, 0.1 % SDS,	
	% Triton™ X-100, 1 %	
	deoxycholate (adjust the pH at +4°C)	
Dilution Buffer	10 mM Tris/Cl pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 0.5 mM EDTA (adjust the pH	
	at +4°C)	
Wash Buffer	10 mM Tris/Cl pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 0.05 % Nonidet™ P40	
	Substitute, 0.5 mM EDTA (adjust the pH at +4°C)	
2x SDS-sample buffer	120 mM Tris/Cl pH 6.8, 20 % glycerol, 4 % SDS, 0.04 %	
	bromophenol blue, 10 % β- mercaptoethanol	
Acidic elution buffer	200 mM glycine pH 2.5 (adjust the pH at +4°C)	
Neutralization buffer	1 M Tris pH 10.4 (adjust the pH at +4°C)	

Note: Use your equivalent cell lysis buffer for other cell types like yeast, plants, insects, bacteria. Consider using a Wash buffer without detergent for Co-IP.



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### **Product Sizes**

Product	Product Code	Size
Ubiquitin-Trap Agarose	uta-10	10 reactions
	uta-20	20 reactions
	uta-100	100 reactions



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### Protocol at a glance

### Perform all steps at 4°C General · Use your preferred cell lysis buffer and cell lysis conditions Use 10<sup>6</sup>-10<sup>7</sup> cells and 200 μL Lysis buffer. **Cell Lysis** Perform cell lysis and clear lysate Mix 200 µl cleared lysate with 300 µL dilution buffer. • Transfer 25 µL bead slurry into a 1.5 mL Bead **Equilibration** Equilibrate beads 3x with 500 µL dilution buffer **Protein** Add 500 µL diluted lysate to beads Rotate end-over-end for 1 hour at 4°C. binding • Wash beads 3x with 500 µL wash buffer Washing Transfer beads to a new tube during the last washing step Resuspend beads in 80 µL 2x SDS-**Elution with** sample buffer

Elution with SDS-sample buffer



- Boil beads for 5 min at 95°C
- Analyze the supernatant in SDS-PAGE/ Western Blot



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### **Immunoprecipitation Protocol**

#### **Cell Material**

The following protocol describes the preparation of a mammalian cell lysate.

For other type of cells, we recommend using 500  $\mu g$  of cell extract and start the protocol with step Bead equilibration.

**Note:** Precipitation of ubiquitinylated proteins may be facilitated by treating cells with proteasome inhibitors prior to harvesting. A commonly used inhibitor is MG-132 (also known as MG132 or carbobenzoxy-Leu-Leu-leucinal), for example. Exact conditions must be optimized for each cell type etc.; a good starting point is to incubate cells with f.c. 5-25  $\mu$ M MG-132 for 1-2 h. Over-exposure to MG-132 can lead to cytotoxic effects, however.

#### **Mammalian Cell Lysis**

**Note:** Harvesting of cells and cell lysis should be performed with ice-cold buffers. We strongly recommend adding protease inhibitors to the Lysis buffer to prevent degradation of your target protein and its binding partners.

**Note:** If necessary, deubiquitylates (DUBs), i.e. ubiquitin hydrolases, may be inhibited by the addition of either EDTA or EGTA and either f.c. 5-10 mM iodoacetamide (IAA) or N-ethylmaleimide (NEM). Concentrations may need to be optimized for each cell type, growth conditions etc.

For one immunoprecipitation reaction, we recommend using  $\sim 10^6$ - $10^7$  cells.

- 1. Choice of lysis buffer:
- a. For cytoplasmic proteins, resuspend the cell pellet in 200  $\mu$ L ice-cold Lysis buffer by pipetting up and down. Supplement Lysis buffer with protease inhibitor cocktail and 1 mM PMSF (not included).
- b. For nuclear/chromatin proteins, resuspend cell pellet in 200  $\mu$ L ice-cold RIPA buffer supplemented with DNase I (f.c. 75-150 Kunitz U/mL), MgCl<sub>2</sub> (f.c. 2.5 mM), protease inhibitor cocktail and PMSF (f.c. 1 mM) (not included).
- 2. Place the tube on ice for 30 min and extensively pipette the suspension every 10 min.
- 3. Centrifuge cell lysate at 17,000x g for 10 min at  $+4^{\circ}$ C. Transfer cleared lysate (supernatant) to a pre-cooled tube and add 300  $\mu$ L Dilution buffer supplemented with 1 mM PMSF and protease inhibitor cocktail (not included). If required, save 50  $\mu$ L of diluted lysate for further analysis (input fraction).

#### **Bead Equilibration**

- 1. Resuspend the beads by gently pipetting them up and down or by inverting the tube. Do not vortex the beads!
- 2. Transfer 25 µL of bead slurry into a 1.5 mL reaction tube.
- 3. Add 500 µL ice-cold Dilution buffer.



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Sediment the beads by centrifugation at 2,500x g for 5 min at +4°C. Discard the supernatant.

Note: Alternatively, ChromoTek Spin columns (sct-10; -20; -50) can be used to equilibrate the beads.

### **Protein Binding**

- 1. Add diluted lysate to the equilibrated beads.
- 2. Rotate end-over-end for 1 hour at +4°C.

#### **Washing**

- 1. Sediment the beads by centrifugation at 2,500x g for 5 min at  $+4^{\circ}C$ .
- 2. If required, save 50 µL of supernatant for further analysis (flow-through/non-bound fraction).
- 3. Discard remaining supernatant.
- 4. Resuspend beads in 500 μL Wash buffer.
- 5. Sediment the beads by centrifugation at 2,500x g for 5 min at +4°C. Discard remaining supernatant.
- 6. Repeat this step at least twice.
- 7. During the last washing step, transfer the beads to a new tube.

Optional: To increase stringency of the Wash buffer, test various salt concentrations e.g. 150-500 mM, and/or add a non-ionic detergent e.g. Triton™ X-100 (see Wash buffer compatibility table for maximal concentrations).

Note: Alternatively, ChromoTek Spin columns (sct-10; -20; -50) can be used to wash the beads.

### **Elution with 2x SDS-sample buffer (Laemmli)**

- 1. Remove the remaining supernatant.
- 2. Resuspend beads in 80 µL 2x SDS-sample buffer.
- 3. Boil beads for 5 min at +95°C to dissociate immunocomplexes from beads.
- 4. Sediment the beads by centrifugation at 2,500x g for 2 min at  $+4^{\circ}C$ .
- 5. Analyze the supernatant in SDS-PAGE / Western Blot.

**Note:** For Western blot detection we recommend Ubiquitin Recombinant antibody (80992-1-RR) or Ubiquitin Polyclonal antibody (10201-2-AP) in combination with HRP-conjugated Affinipure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) (SA00001-2)

#### **Elution with Acidic Elution Buffer**

- 1. Remove the remaining supernatant.
- 2. Add 50-100  $\mu$ L Acidic elution buffer and constantly pipette up and down for 30-60 sec at +4°C or room temperature.
- 3. Sediment the beads by centrifugation at 2,500x g for 2 min at  $+4^{\circ}C$ .
- 4. Transfer the supernatant to a new tube.
- 5. Immediately neutralize the eluate fraction with 5-10  $\mu$ L Neutralization buffer.
- 6. Repeat this step at least once to increase elution efficiency.



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**Note:** Elution at room temperature is more efficient than elution at +4°C. Prewarm buffers for elution at room temperature.

Note: Alternatively, ChromoTek Spin columns (sct-10; -20; -50) can be used to separate the beads.

### **Related Products**

Product	Code
Ubiquitin-Trap Magnetic Agarose	utma
Ubiquitin-Trap Agarose Kit	utak
Ubiquitin-Trap Magnetic Agarose Kit	utmak

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